



# Laboratory Simulation of Flow Through a Perforation

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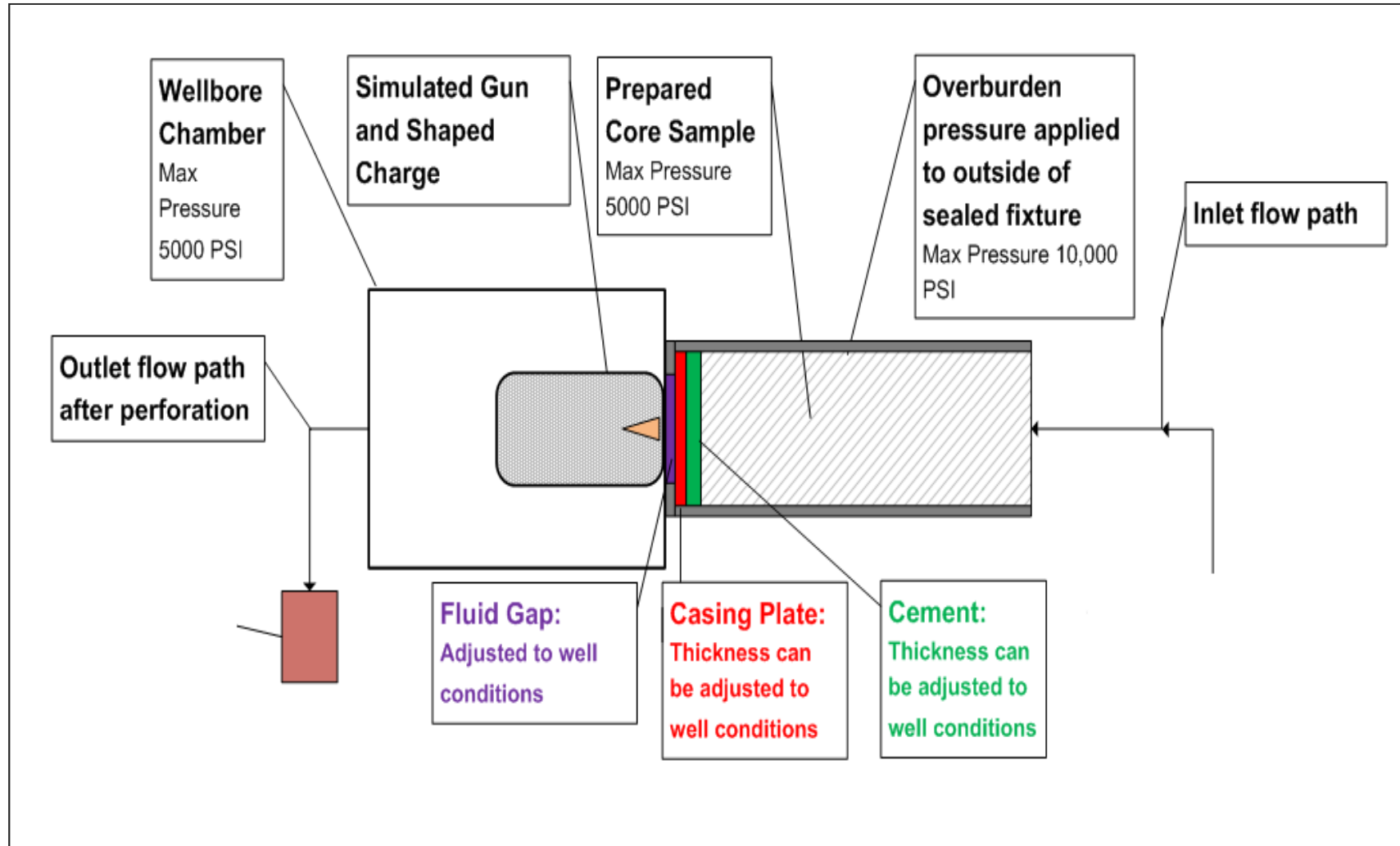
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**HALLIBURTON**

# Background

- Section 4
- Flow performance methods
- Exploring differences between Downhole and Section 4 with an example
- Method of adjusting Section 4 to more closely match downhole
- Test results
- Summary

# Section IV Configuration



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## Section IV Animation



The Halliburton Perforation  
Flow Laboratory allows  
operators to maximize  
production by quantitatively  
determining the optimum  
perforating design.

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# How API RP Sec 4 Compares with Downhole

## Differences:

### Section 4

Single shot

Flow radially, axially,  
or both

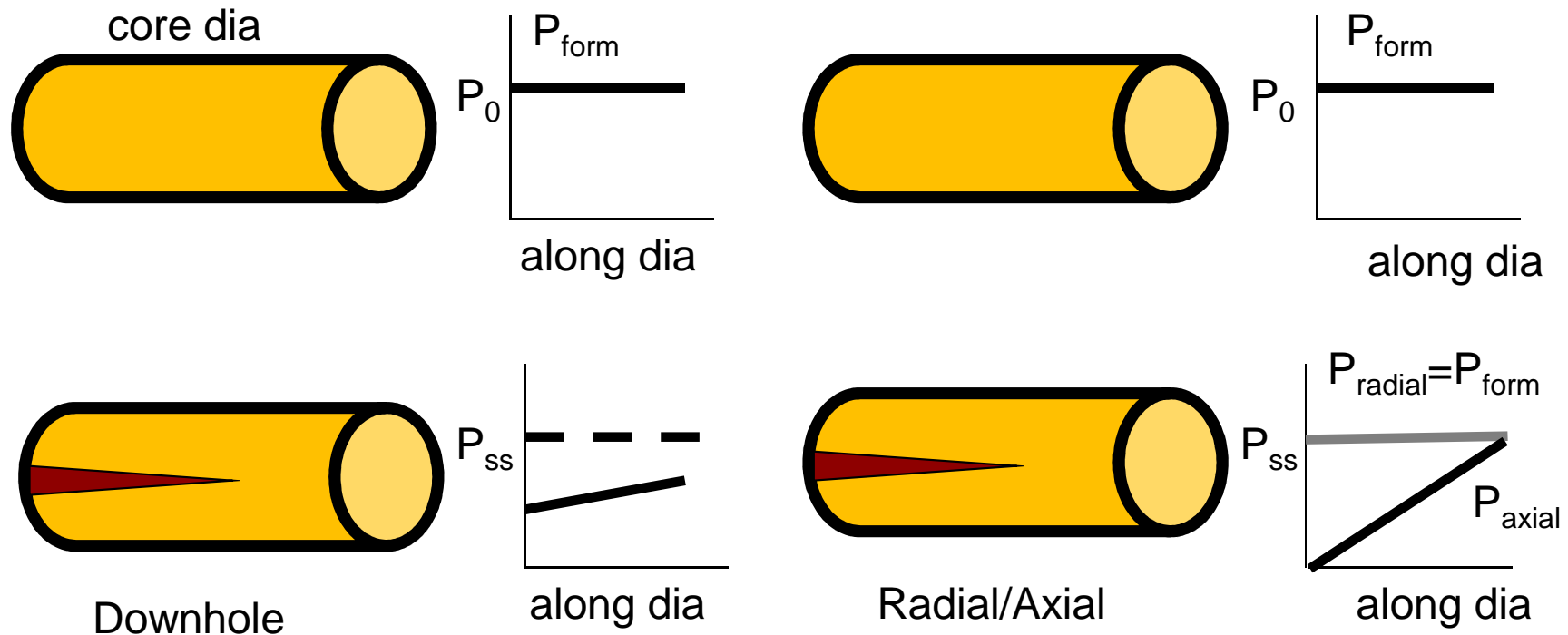
### Downhole

Several shots per foot

Flow from the formation  
follows path of least  
resistance

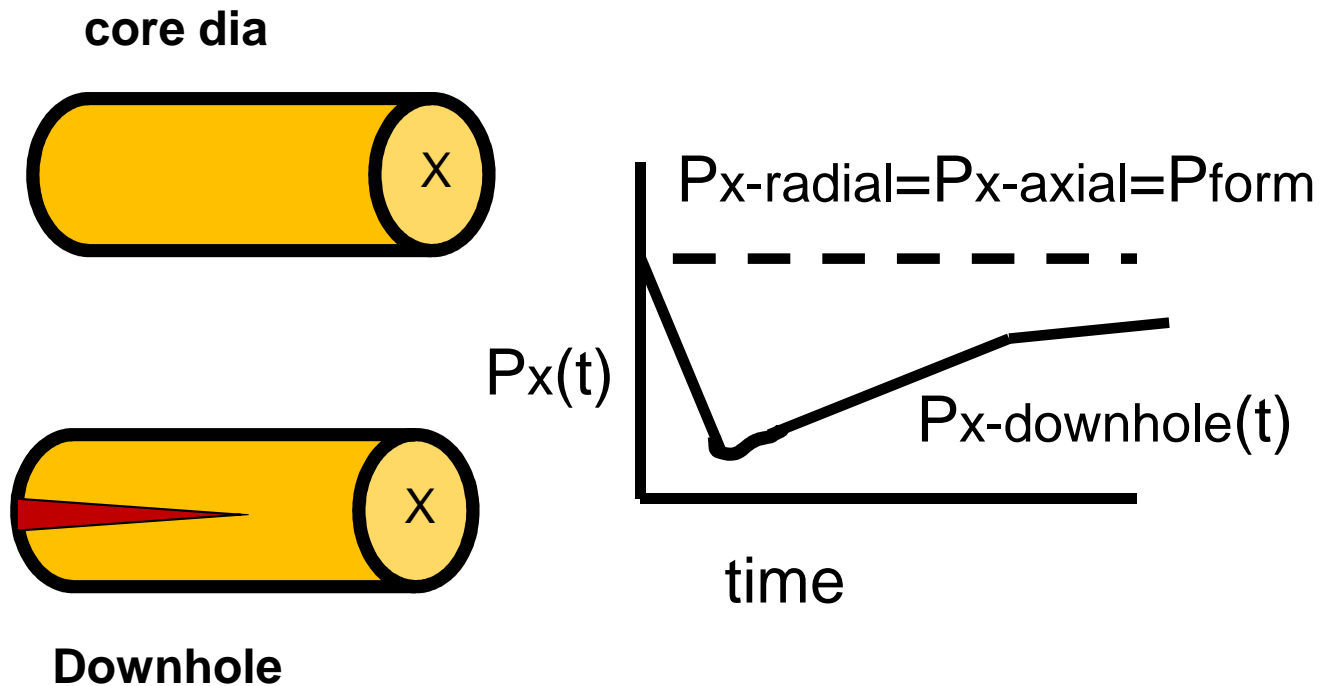
# Some Issues With Current Sec 4 Testing (cont.)

- Steady state flowing pressures do not match those downhole



# Some Issues With Current Sec 4 Testing (cont.)

- Transient flowing pressures do not match those downhole



# Example

## Downhole

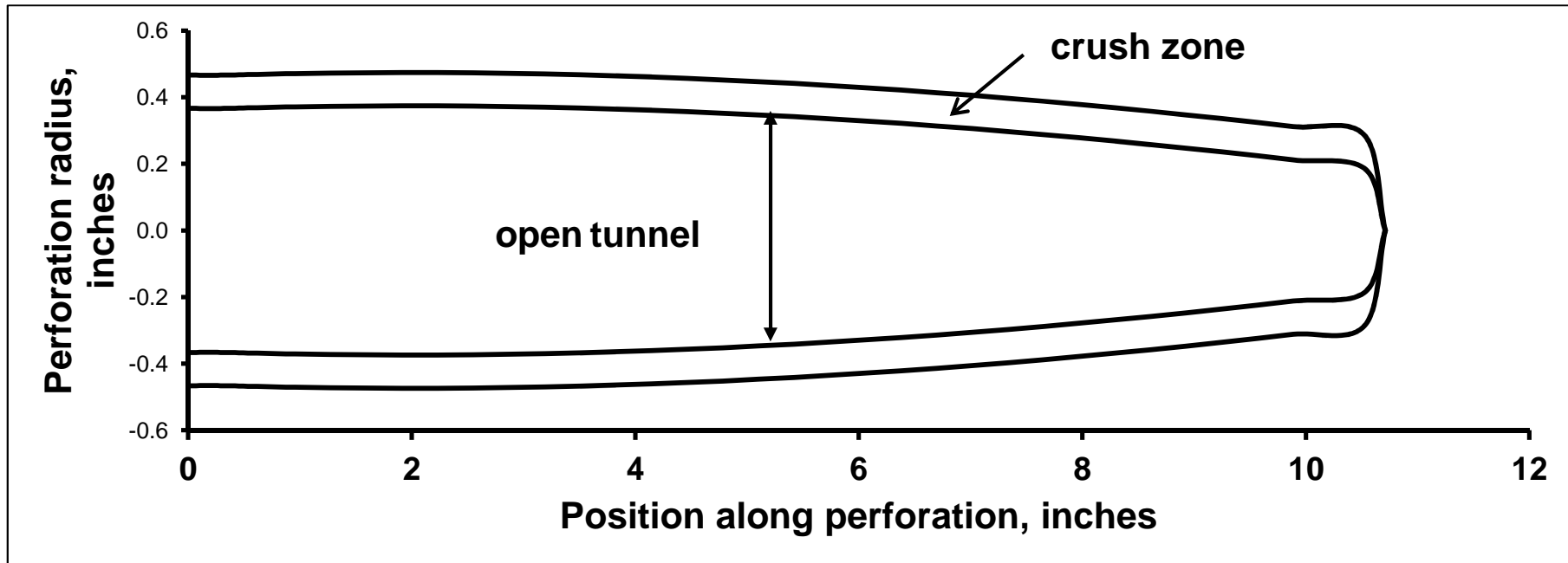
- **SPF** 4
- **Gun phasing** 60 degrees
- **Formation perm**  $k_h=500$  md,  $k_v=100$  md
- **Crush zone perm** 40% of formation perm
- **Viscosity** 2.35 cp
- **Reservoir Radius** 660 ft
- **Wellbore Pressure** 3,500 psi
- **Formation Pressure** 4,000 psi

## Target Core

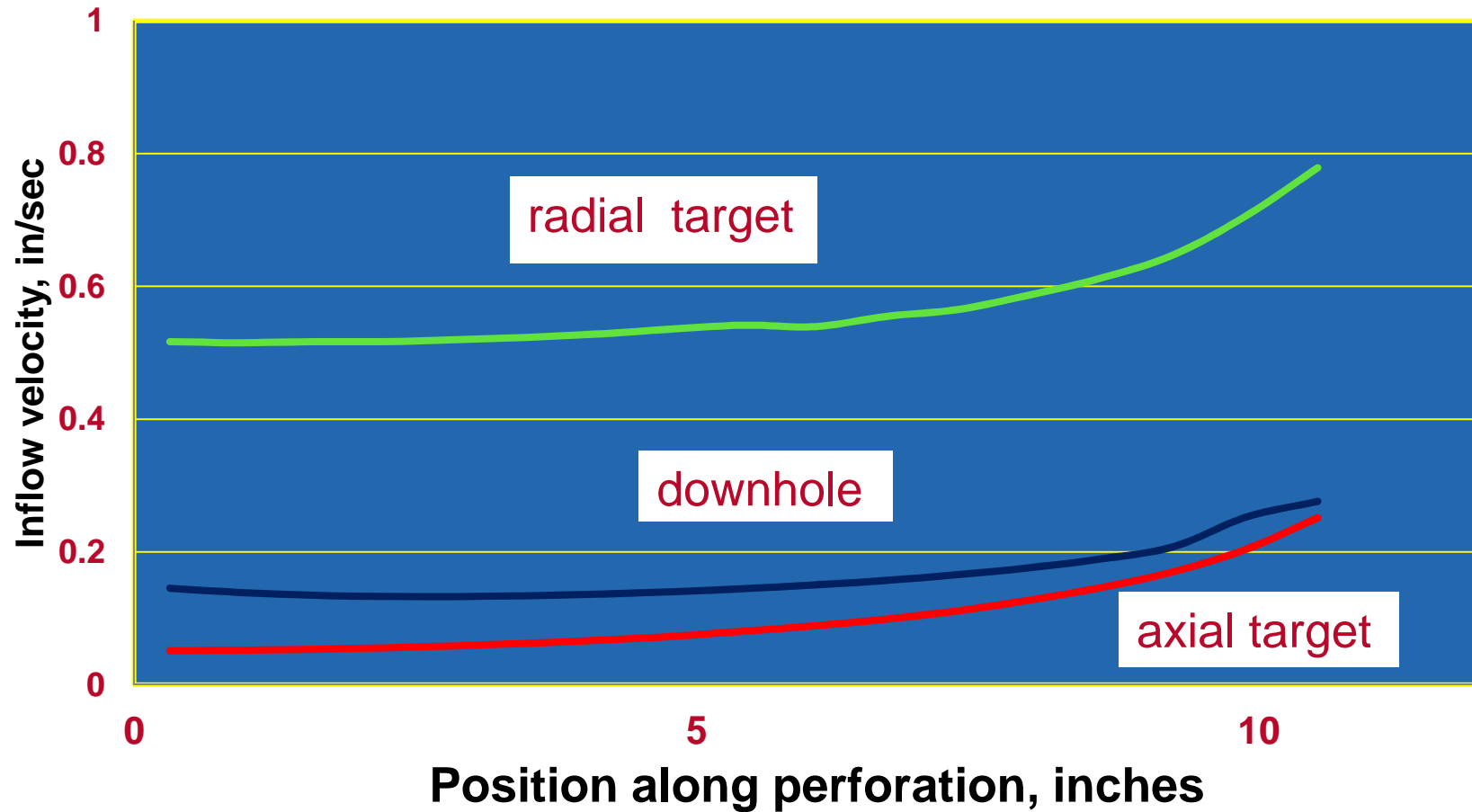
- **Diameter** 7.0 in.
- **Length** 24 in.



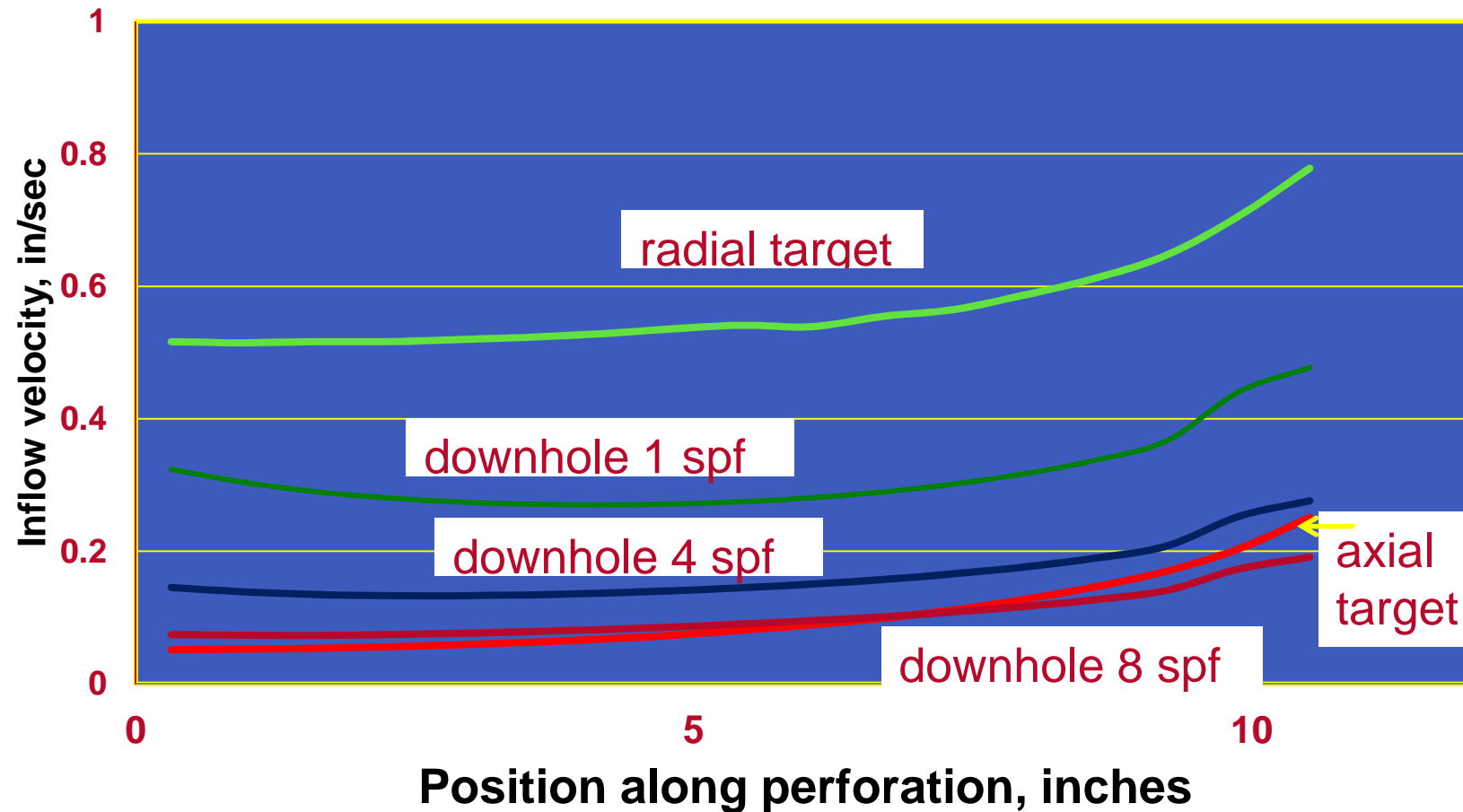
# Perforation Geometry



# Comparison of calculated downhole inflow velocities with Sec 4 targets



# Comparison of calculated downhole inflow velocities with different shot densities



**Conclusion**: Neither radial nor axial targets duplicate the flow downhole.

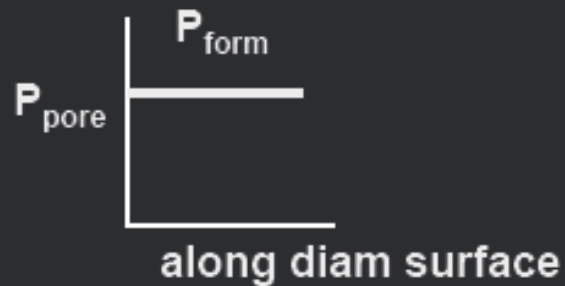
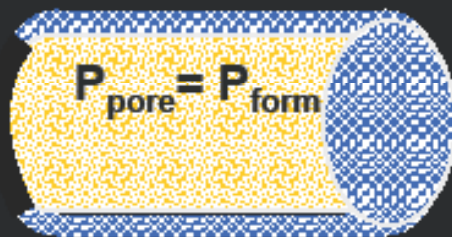
**One Solution**: Match flow impedance at the core boundaries with a specially constructed flow-impedance sleeve.



# Pressure Response with Impedance Sleeve

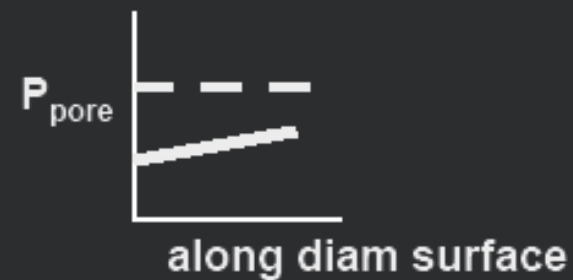
Before

$P_{\text{form}}$



After

$P_{\text{form}}$

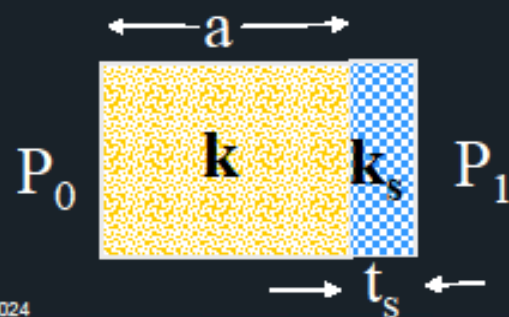


# Flow Impedance Principle

One-dimension (axial flow) illustration



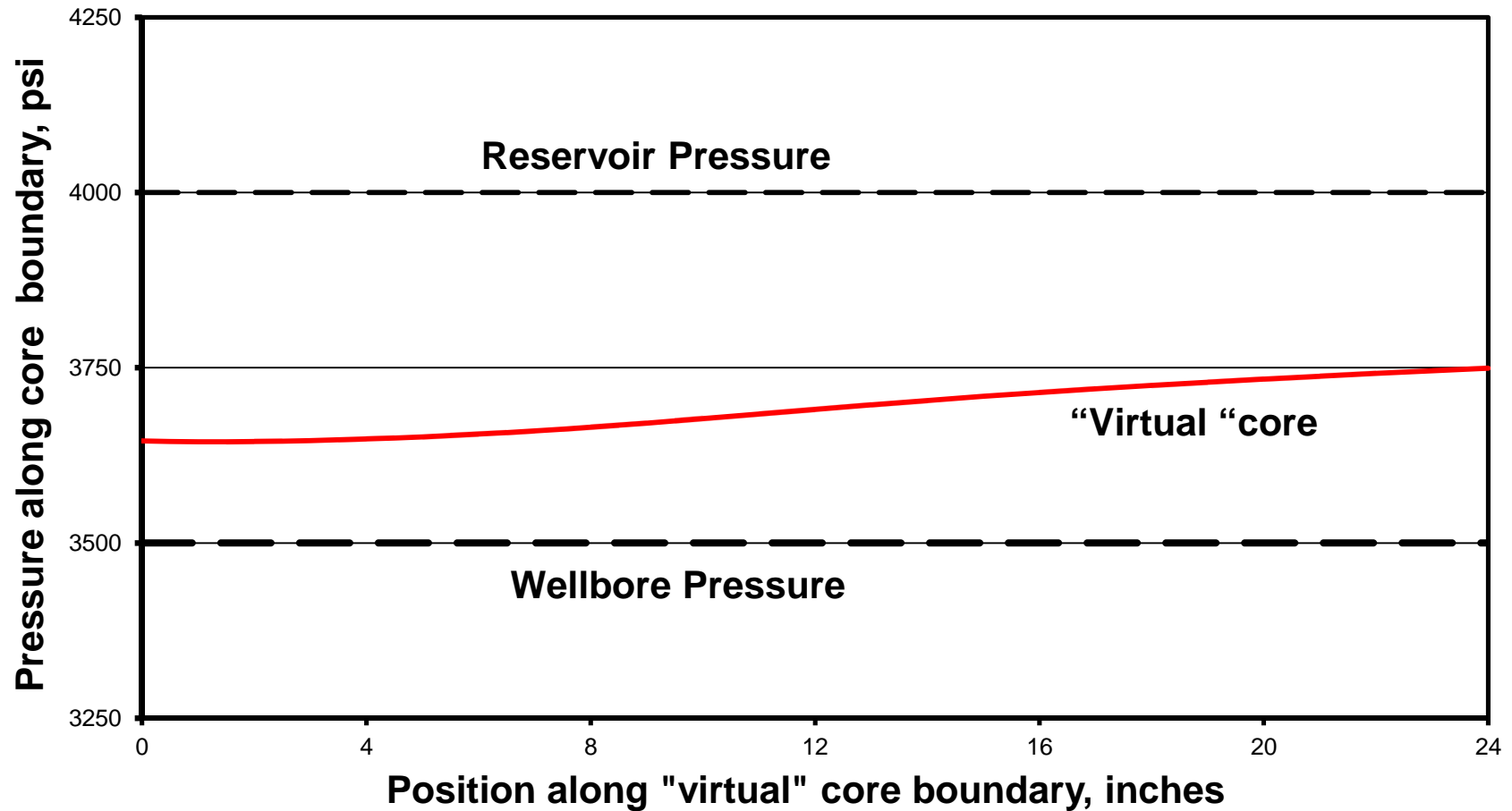
Equivalent to



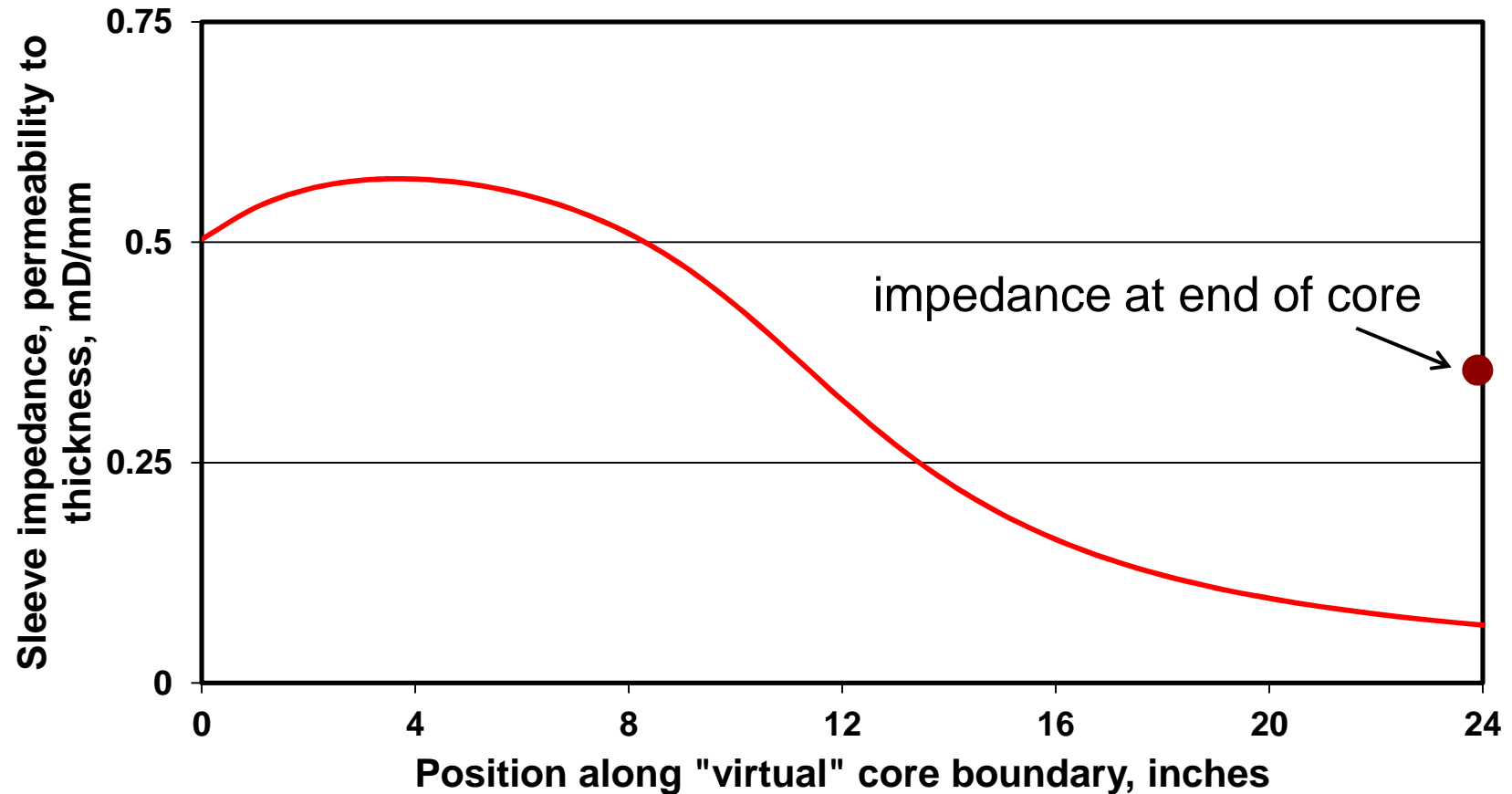
$$\frac{t_s}{k_s} = \frac{L}{k} \frac{P_1 - P_a}{P_1 - P_0}$$

$$\sim \frac{\text{pressure}}{\text{velocity}}$$

# Downhole pressure along boundary of "virtual" core



## Sleeve Impedance along boundary of "virtual" core

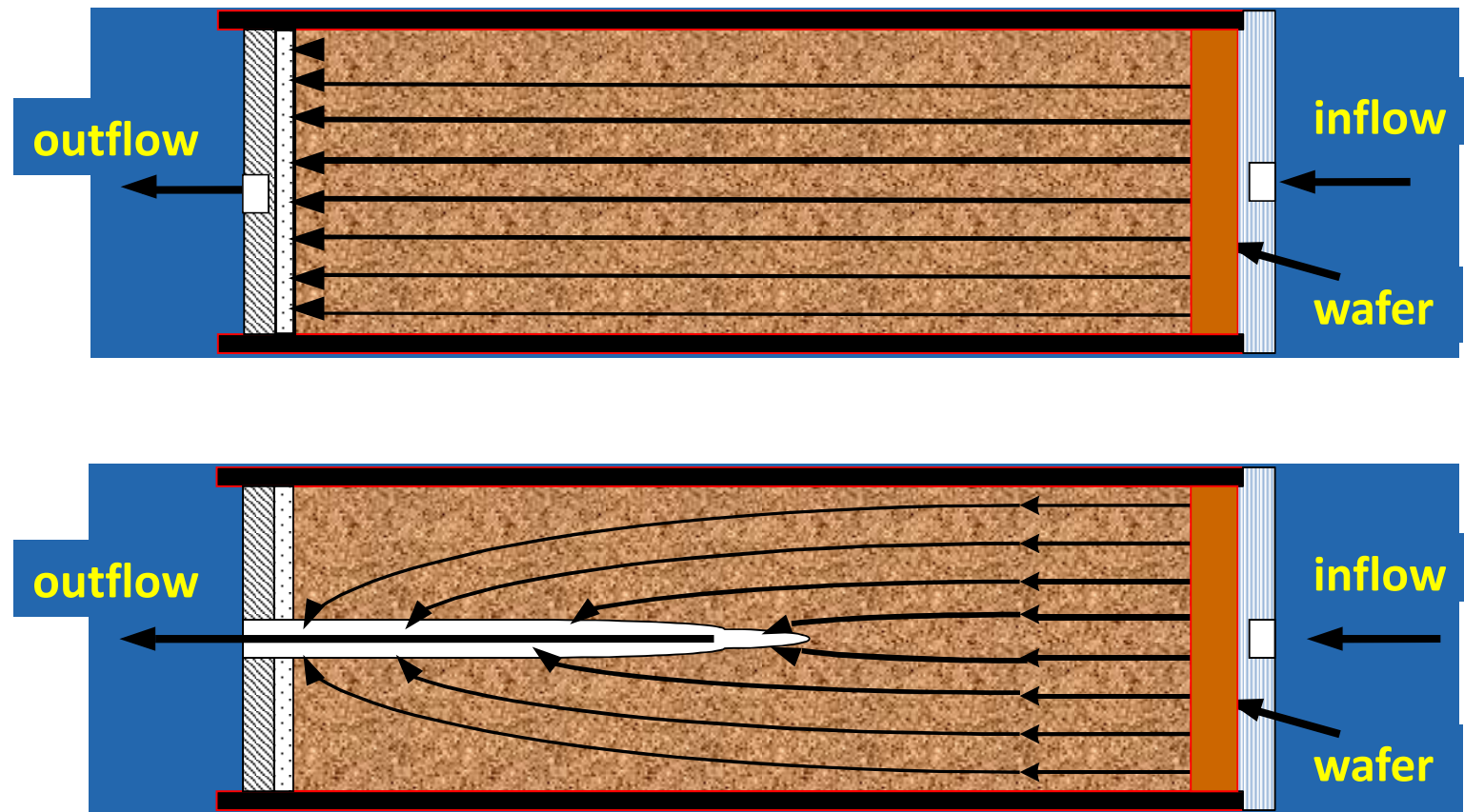




# Procedure

- Define downhole parameters (perforation shape, formation pressure, etc.)
- Specify target core dimensions
- Calculate downhole flowing pressure and velocity at “virtual” core diameter
- Calculate impedance sleeve.
- Manufacture and assemble sleeve on target core
- Follow normal Section 4 test procedures, substituting modified target

# Schematic of Modified Axial Flow Target



# Flow Results

| SUMMARY OF FLOW RESULTS WITH NO WAFER |                   |                           |  |   |                                 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Baseline (No Wafer)                   | Permeability (mD) | Impeded Permeability (mD) | Post-Perforation Permeability Index (mD) | Production Ratio<br><b>1.19 average</b> | Perforation Flow Efficiency (%) |
| Test 1                                | 418               | 418                       | 485                                      | 1.16                                    | 77                              |
| Test 2                                | 472               | 472                       | 576                                      | 1.22                                    | 81                              |

| SUMMARY OF FLOW RESULTS WITH WAFER |                   |                           |  |   |                                 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| With Wafer                         | Permeability (mD) | Impeded Permeability (mD) | Post-Perforation Permeability Index (mD) | Production Ratio<br><b>0.88 average</b> | Perforation Flow Efficiency (%) |
| Test 3                             | 537               | 256                       | 238                                      | 0.93                                    | 62                              |
| Test 4                             | 563               | 237                       | 213                                      | 0.90                                    | 60                              |
| Test 5                             | 584               | 321                       | 263                                      | 0.82                                    | 55                              |

# Penetration Results

## SUMMARY OF PENETRATION RESULTS

| Test Number | Wafer | Open Tunnel Length, inches | Total Core Penetration, inches |
|-------------|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1           | No    | 10.80                      | 13.55                          |
| 2           | No    | 10.71                      | 13.90                          |
|             |       |                            |                                |
| 3           | Yes   | 10.62                      | 12.80                          |
| 4           | Yes   | 10.65                      | 13.60                          |
| 5           | Yes   | 10.52                      | 13.70                          |

# Photo of Split Cores

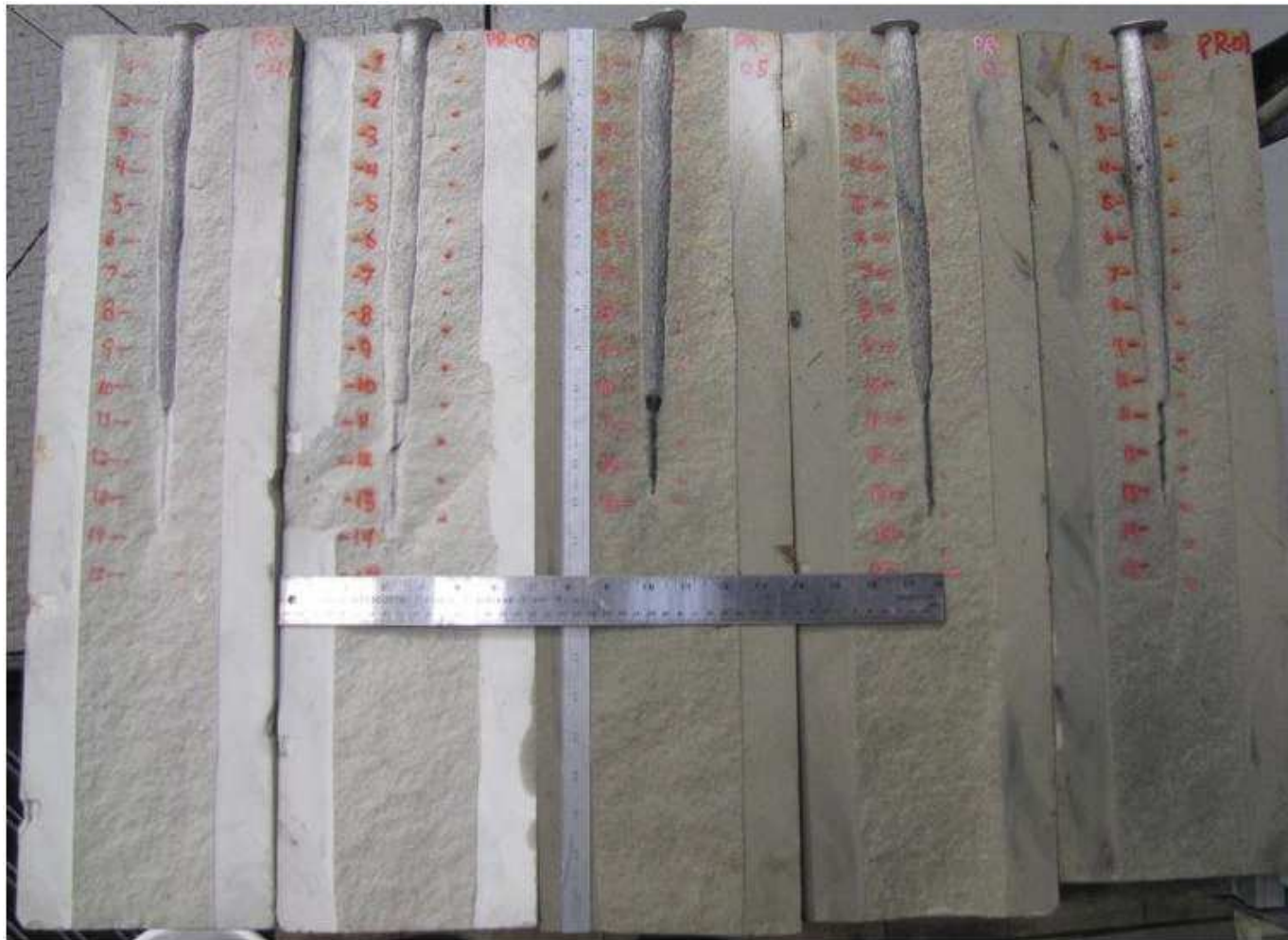
Test 1

Test 2

Test 3

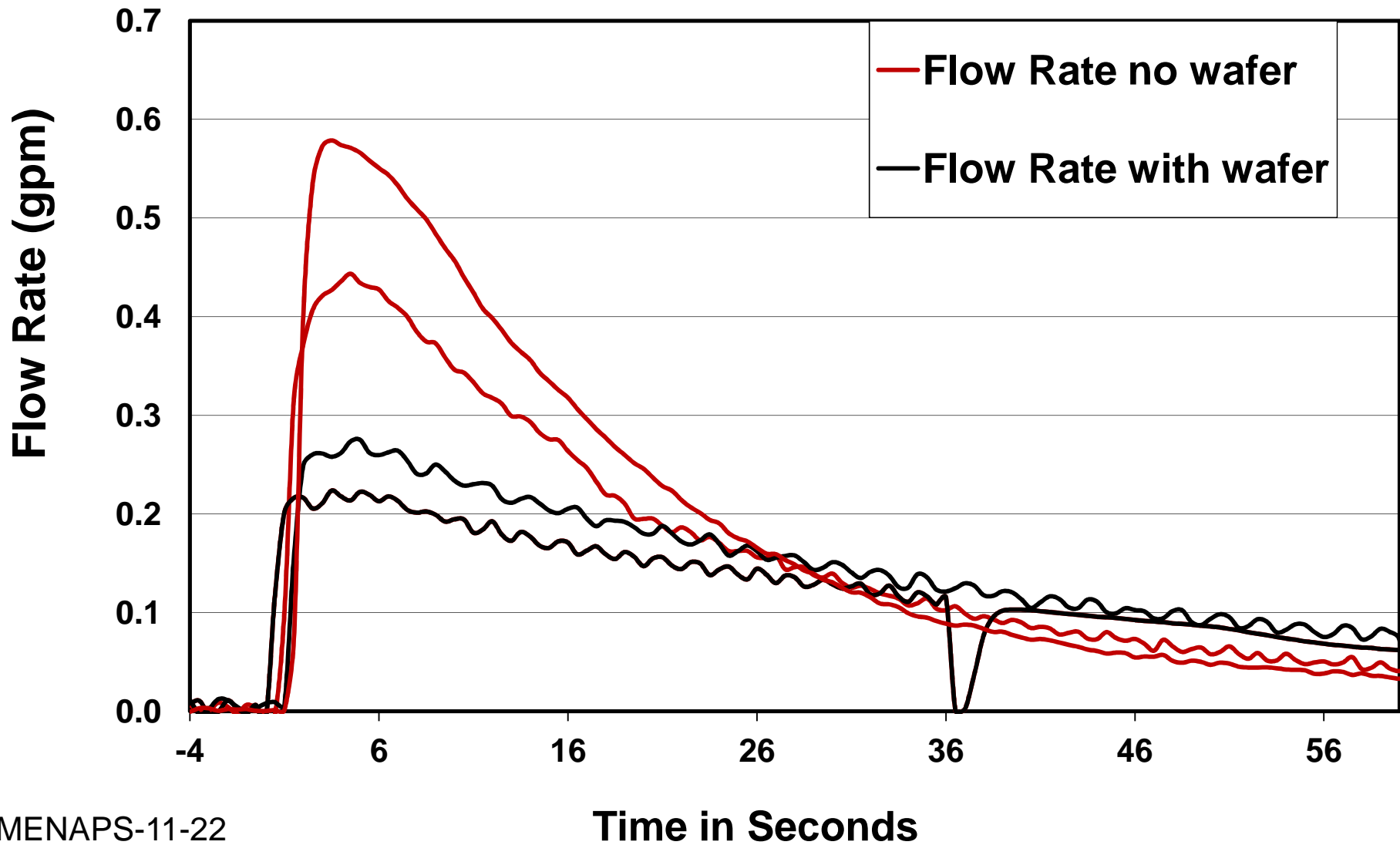
Test 4

Test 5

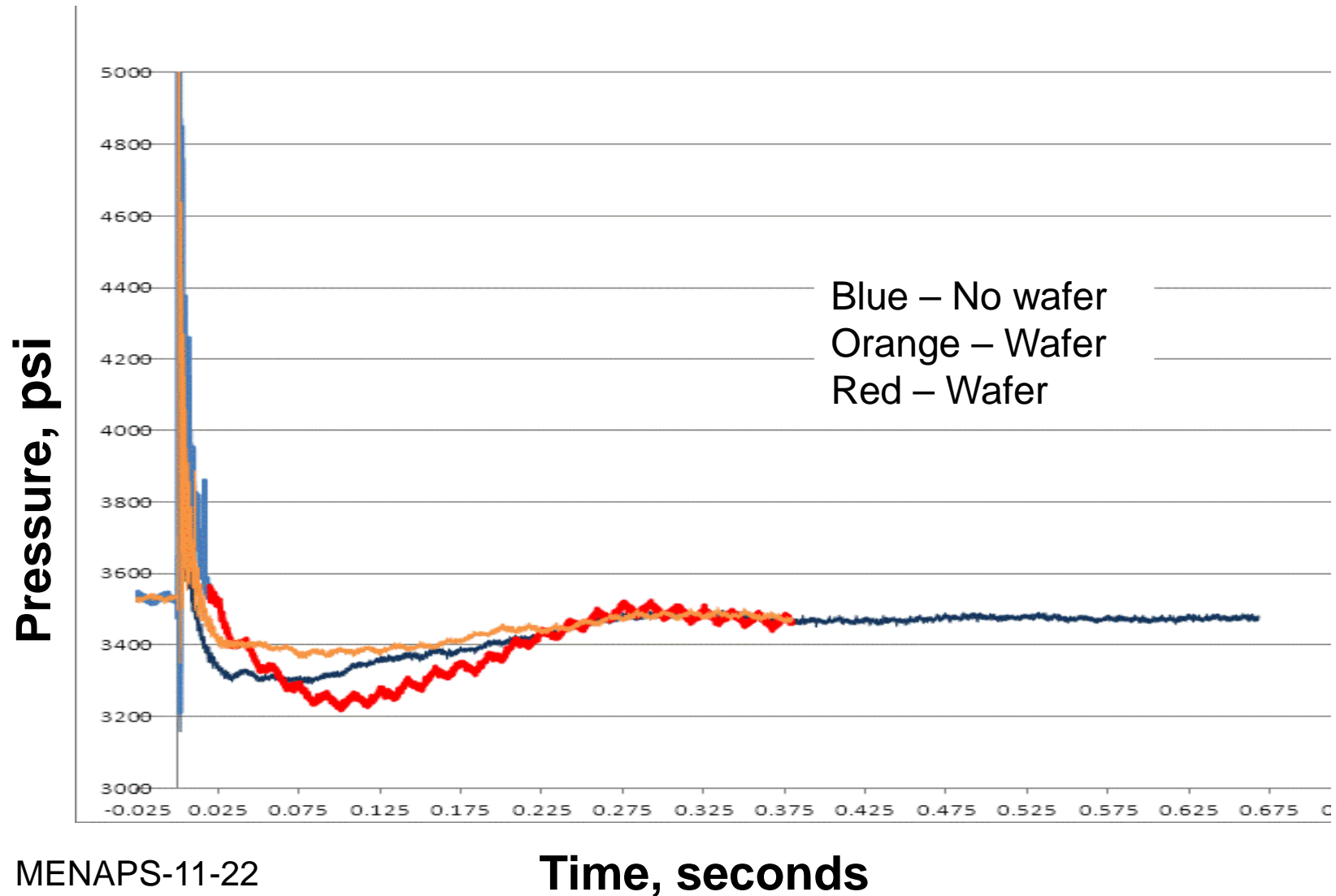


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# 2Hz Velocity Data 500 Underbalanced



# Transient Wellbore Pressure



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# Summary

- We point out opportunities to improve simulating downhole conditions with a small-scale Section 4-type test:
  - We describe a more realistic simulation of pore pressure during the perforating process by modifying a conventional Section 4 target



# Summary

- We point out opportunities to improve simulating downhole conditions with a small-scale Section 4-type test:
  - We describe a more realistic simulation of pore pressure during the perforating process by modifying a conventional Section 4 target
- Initial testing indicates that there could be significant differences between conventional Section 4 results and more realistic simulations of downhole flow



**Laboratory Simulation of Flow Through a Perforation**

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**Thank You!  
Questions/Comments?**

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