



Pump-Down Visualization Service with a Downhole Tension Tool

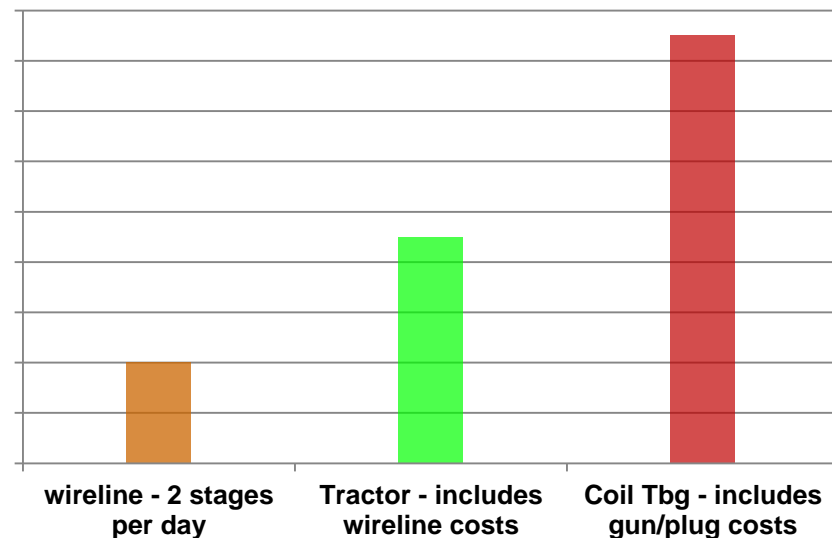
Daniel Dorffer
Strategic Business Manager

APPS-13-005

HALLIBURTON

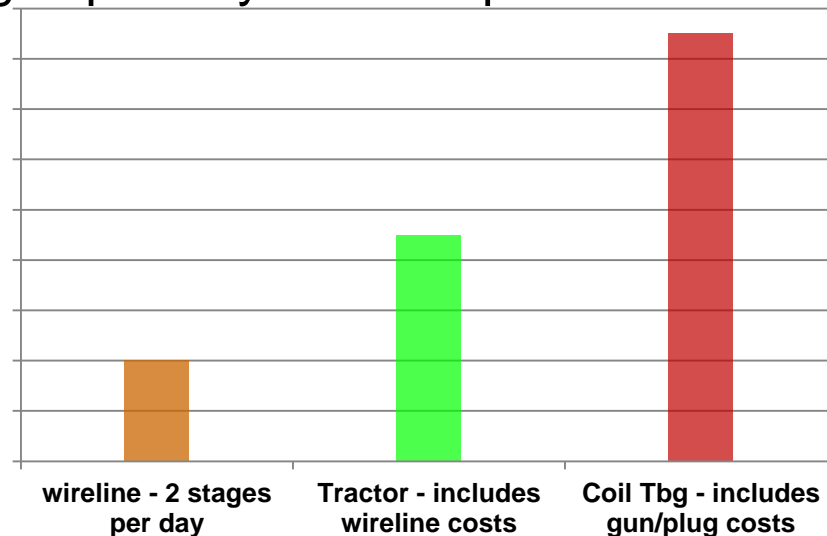
Why Pump Down Perforating?

- Horizontal Drilling became practical and economical about 2000.
- Initial completions were time consuming and expensive
 - Each stage required tractor conveyed E-Line guns or Coil Tubing TCP type guns.



Why Pump Down Perforating?

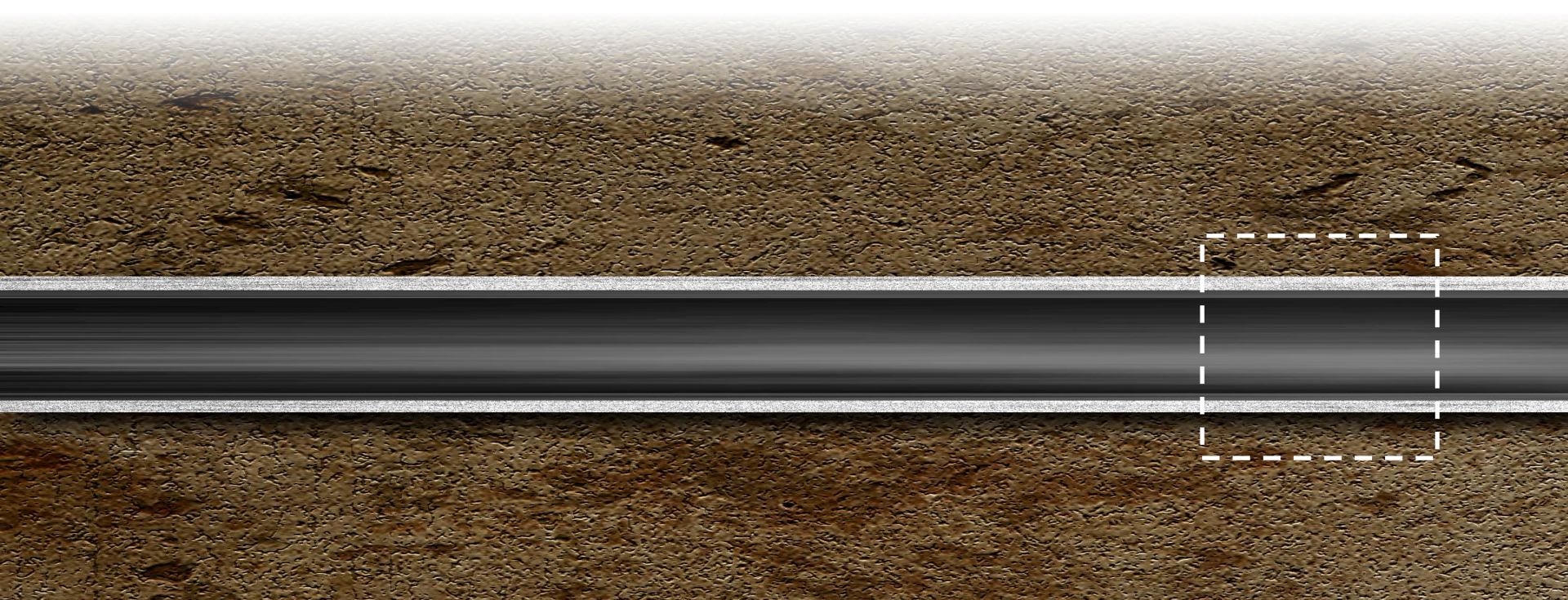
- One – two stages per day considered acceptable
- Stimulation equipment idle between perforation stages
- Work in the Barnett Shale proved Pump Down economic viability
 - Eliminated added conveyance methods
 - Multiple stages per day became practical



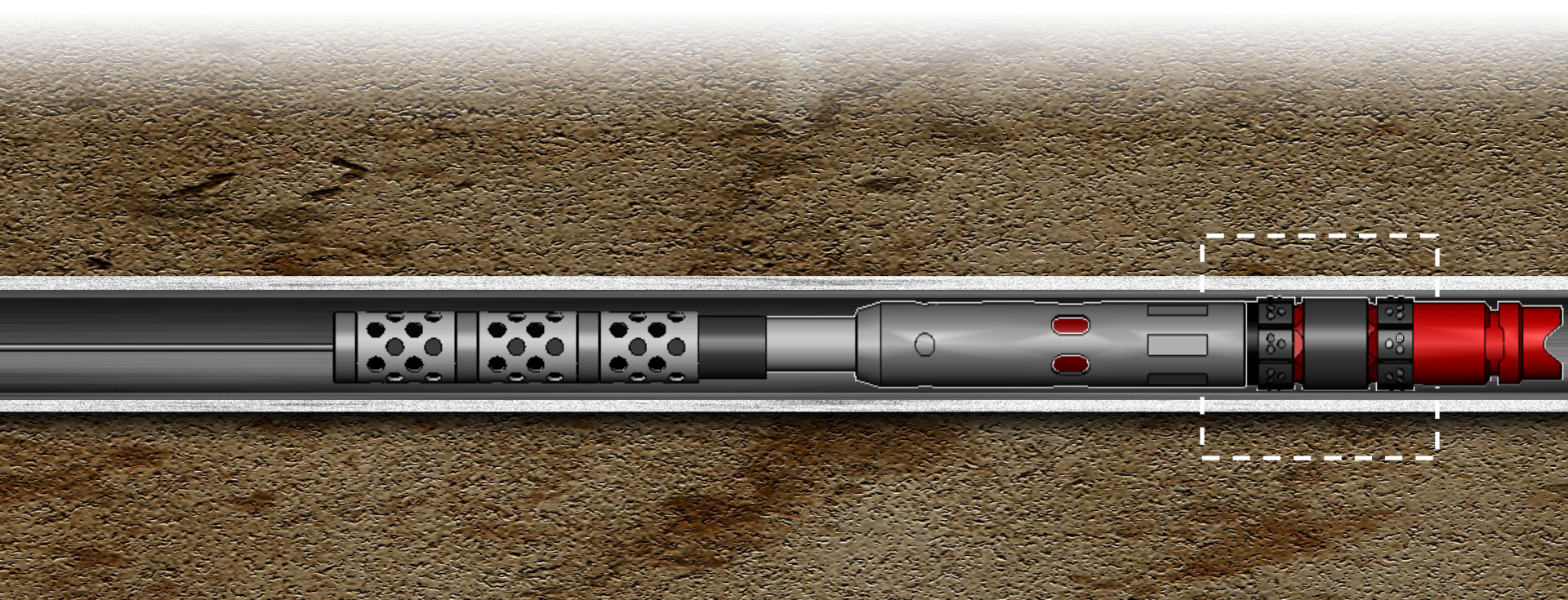
Horizontal Multi-Stage Perforating

- Pump Down Services (PDS) offer quick, efficient and cost effective deployment of multi-gun/plug runs for multiple stage completions
- PDS has been deployed in the USA and Canada for horizontal completions and also for other e-line services – method is expanding globally
- Efficient PDS, depending on depths, now allow up to 5 stages per 24 hour day
- A typical single E-Line stage consists of
 - Multiple guns (3 foot - 6 spf carriers)
 - Explosive setting tool
 - Composite plug

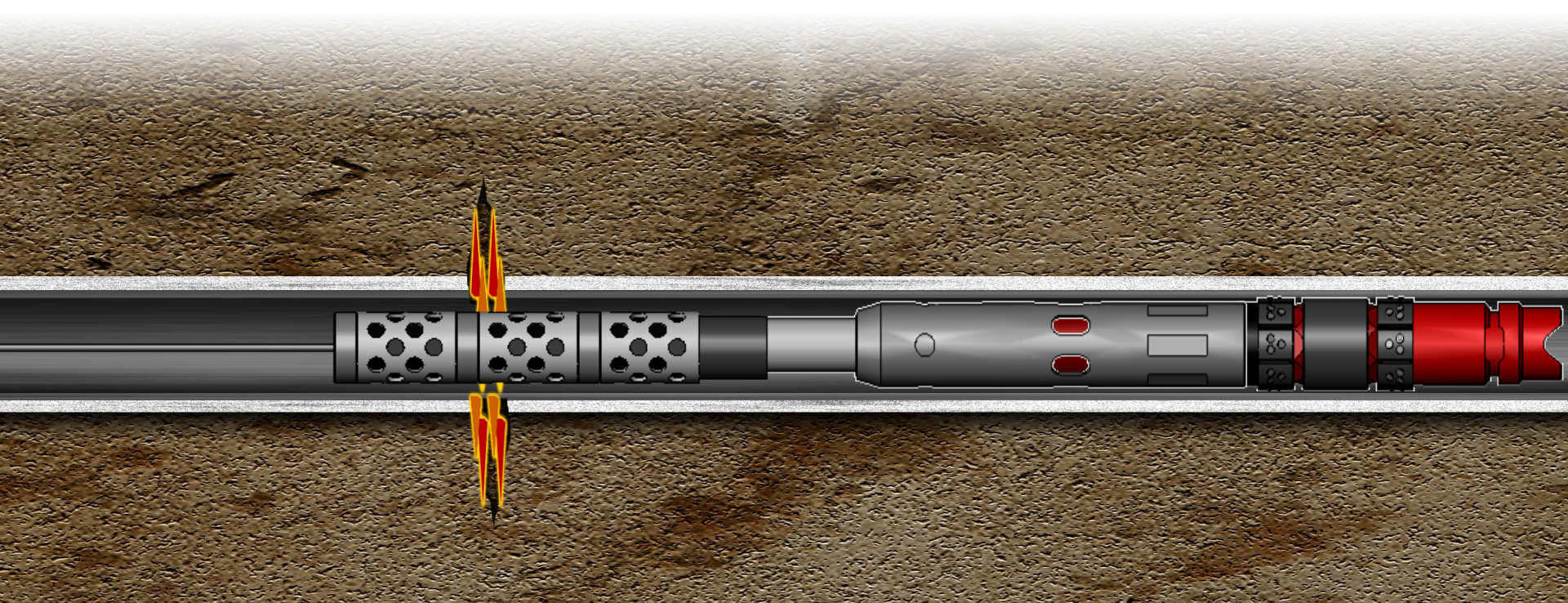
Pump Down Plug and Perforate in Horizontal wells



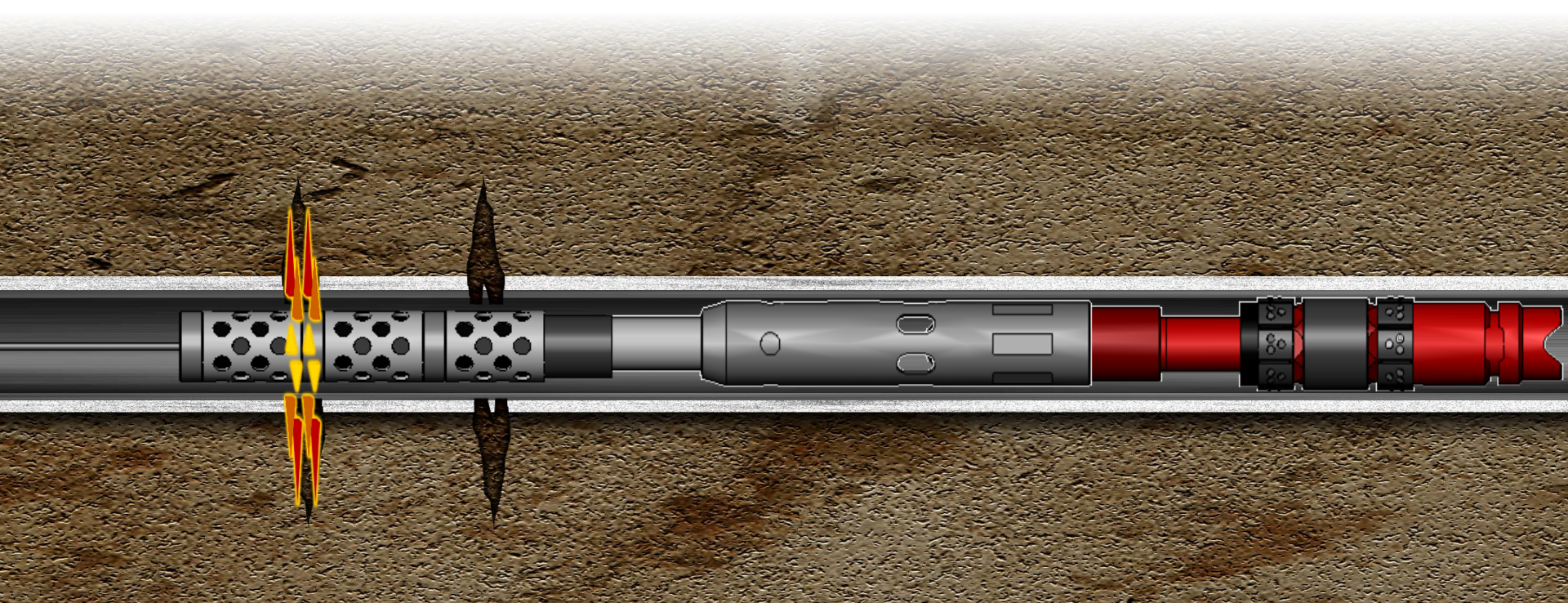
Pump Down Plug and Perforate in Horizontal wells



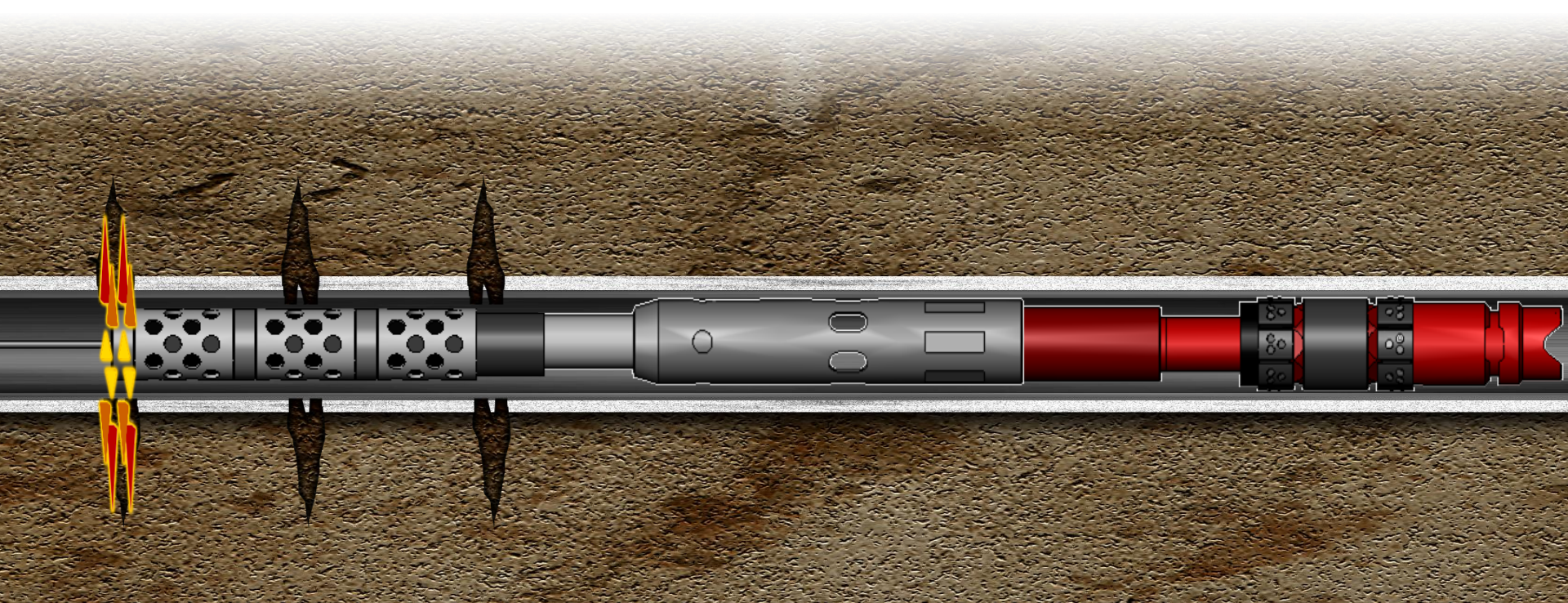
Pump Down Plug and Perforate in Horizontal wells



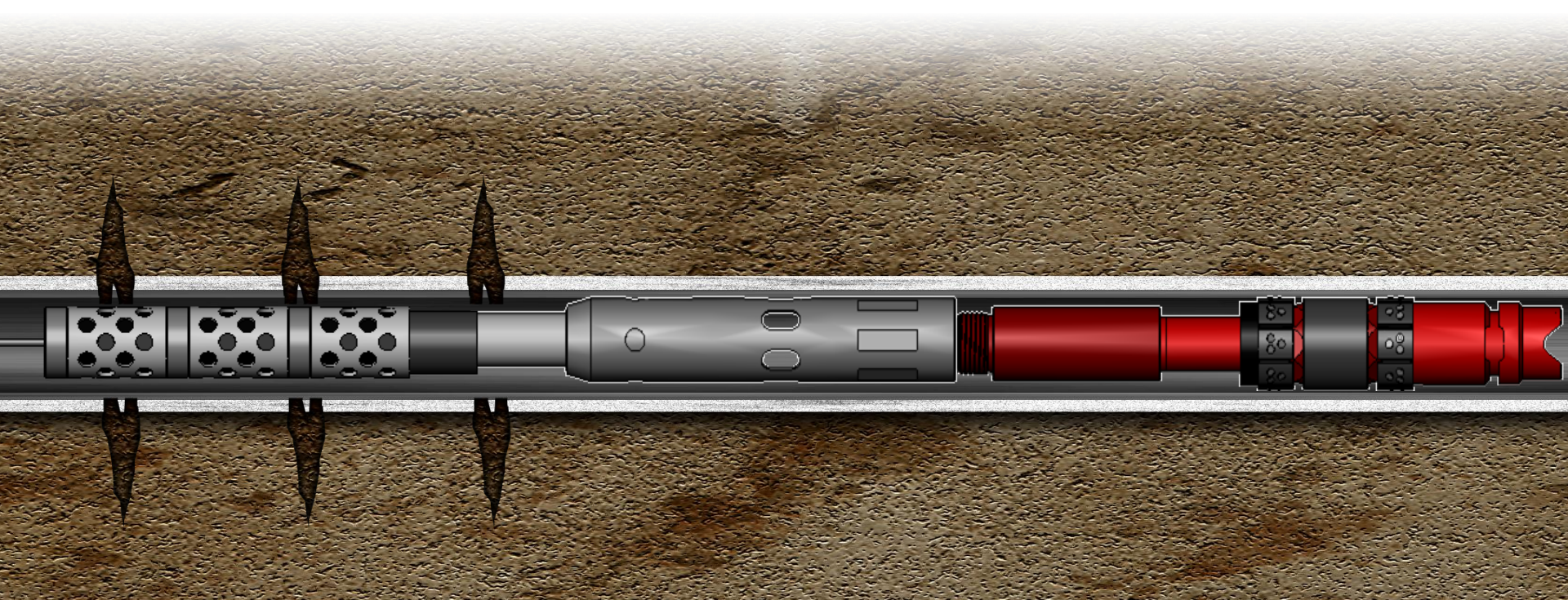
Pump Down Plug and Perforate in Horizontal wells



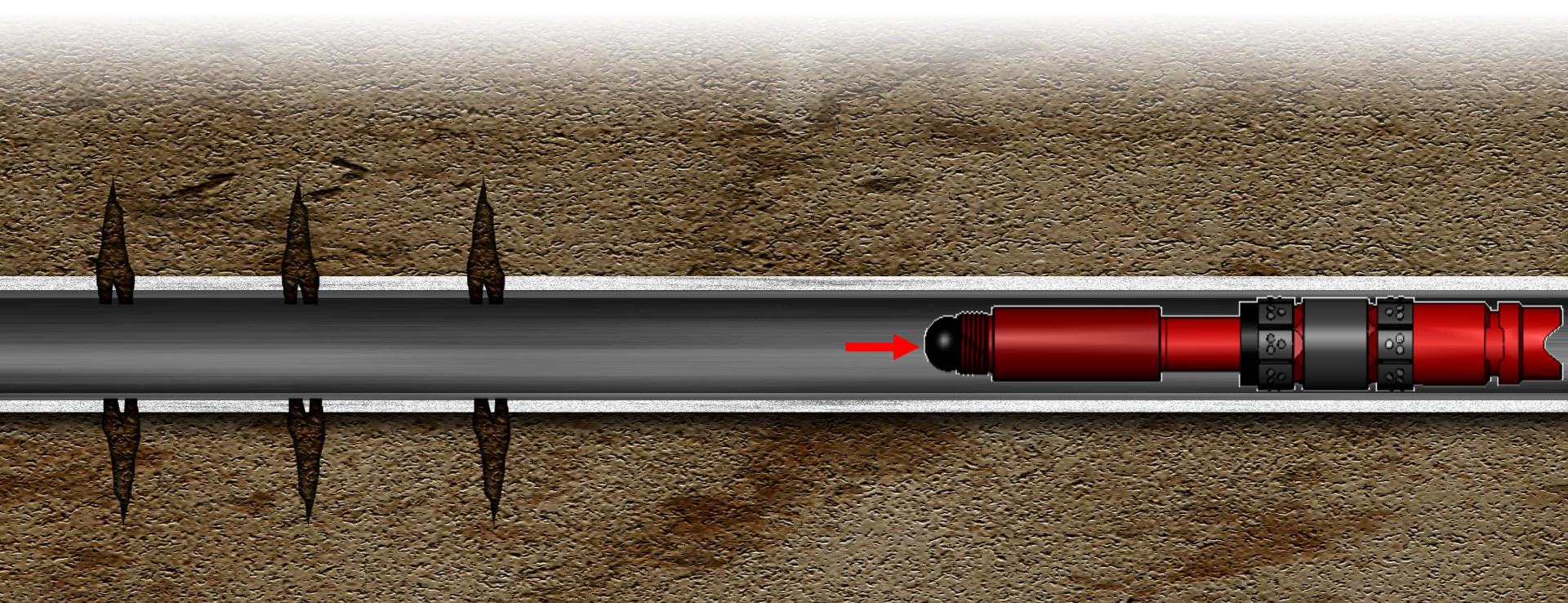
Pump Down Plug and Perforate in Horizontal wells



Pump Down Plug and Perforate in Horizontal wells



Pump Down Plug and Perforate in Horizontal wells



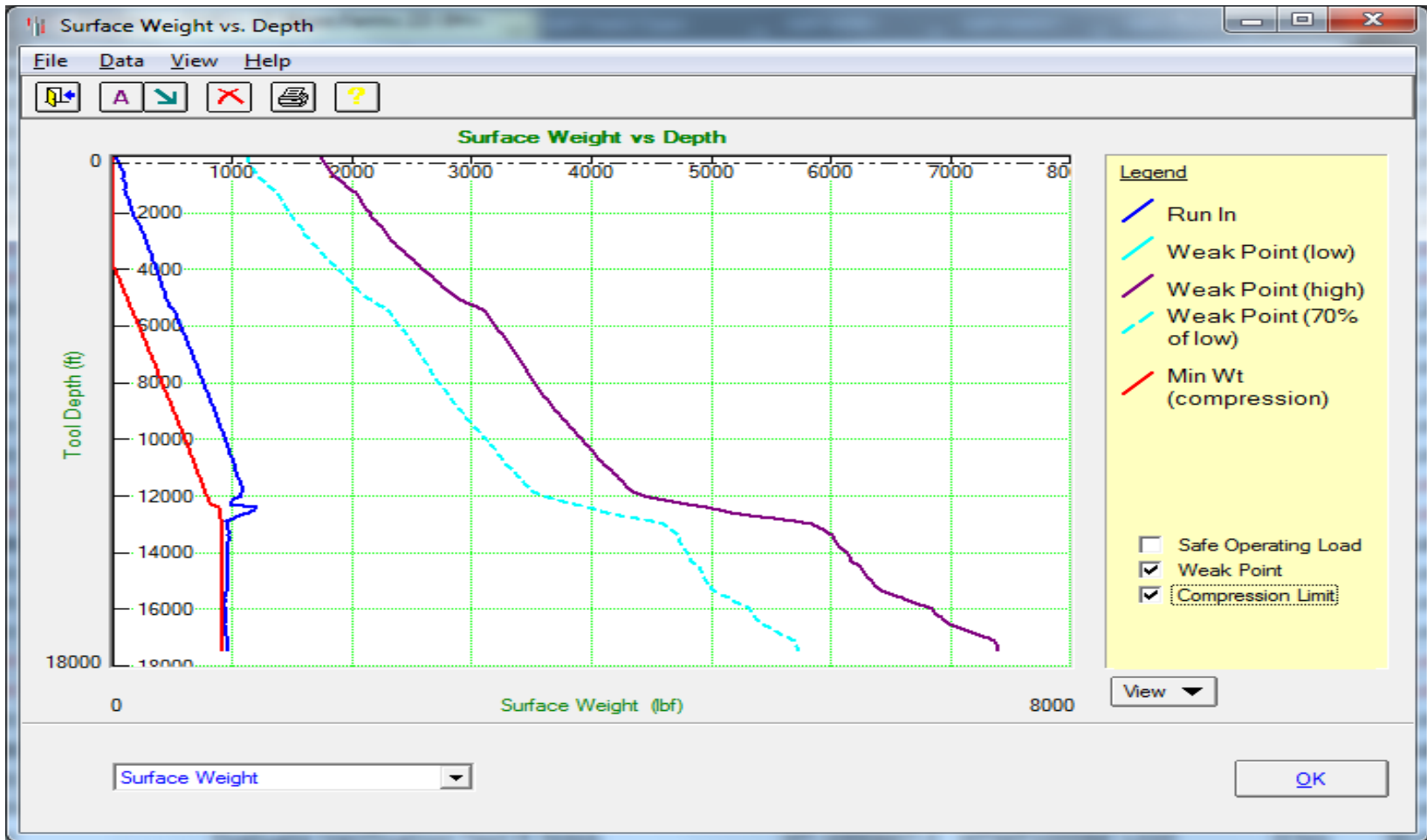
Pump Down Operations Today

- Wireline and Stimulation operate separately but not independently.
- No difference in operating method if Stimulation and Wireline are same company.
- 2 way radio communication between wireline operator and pump operator is only communication
 - No pre-run planning
 - Always reactive, never proactive
 - Neither party has all the information to identify a potential problem and adapt the operation ahead of a failure.

Horizontal Multi-Stage Perforating

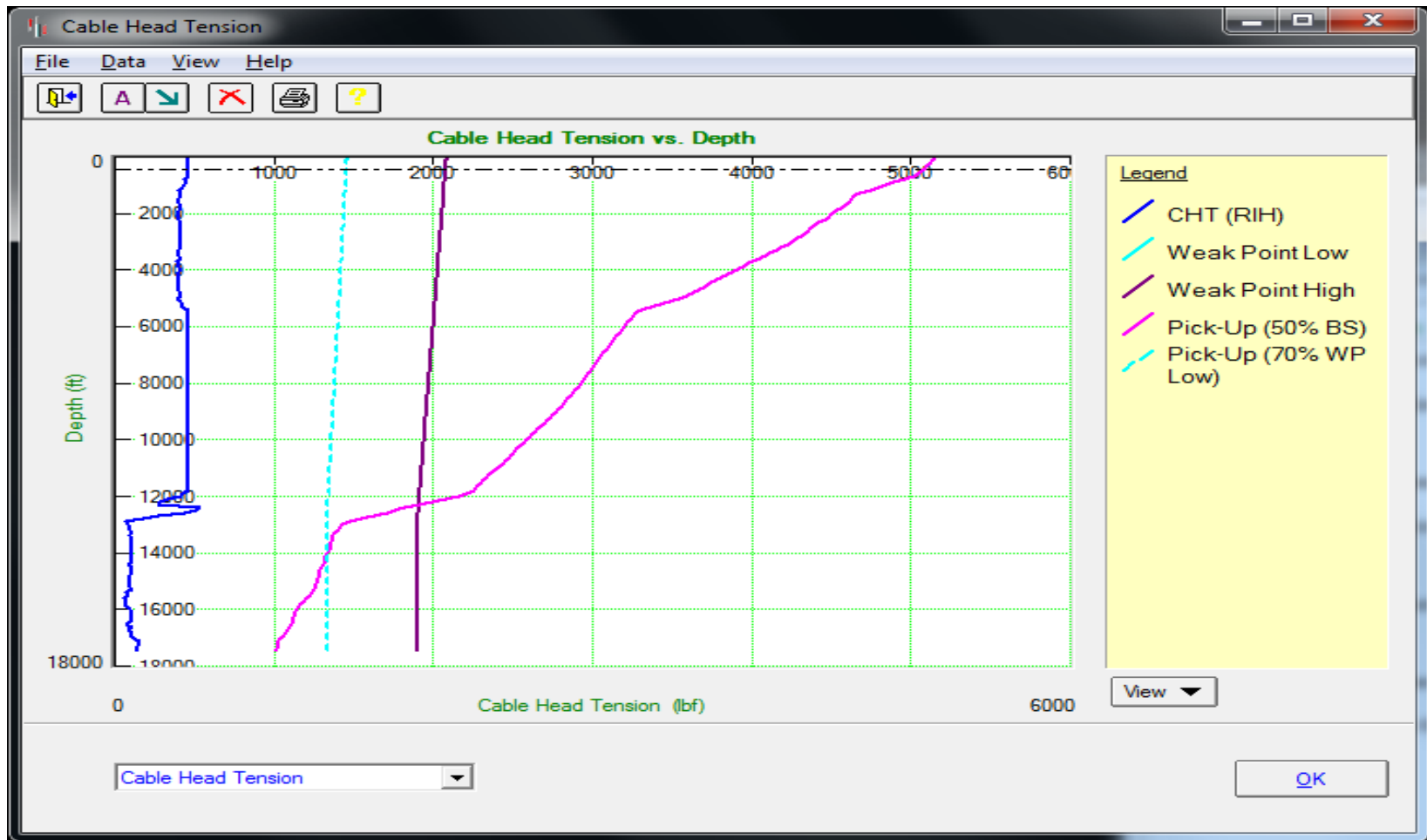


Cerberus – Surface Tension Profile



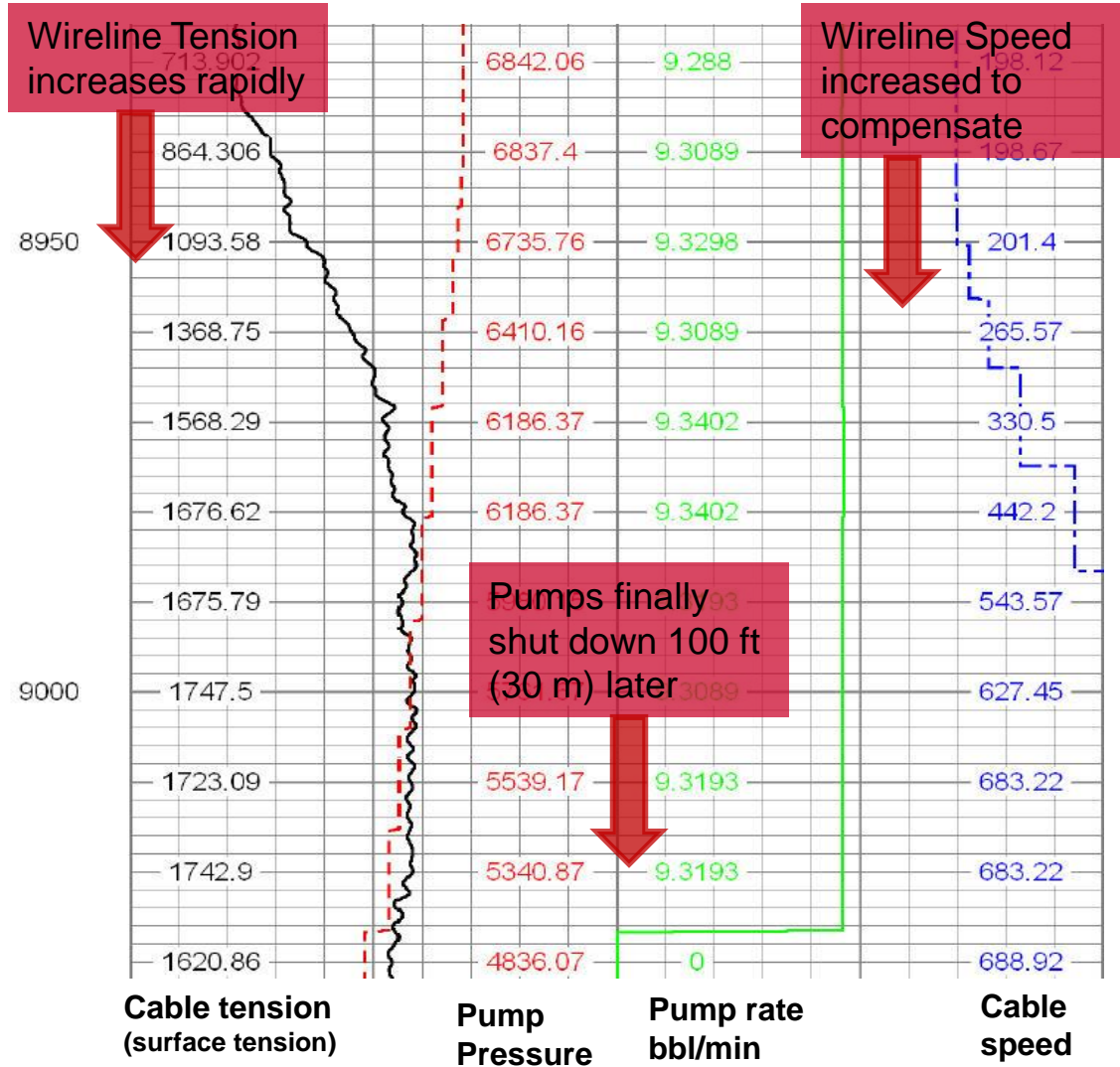
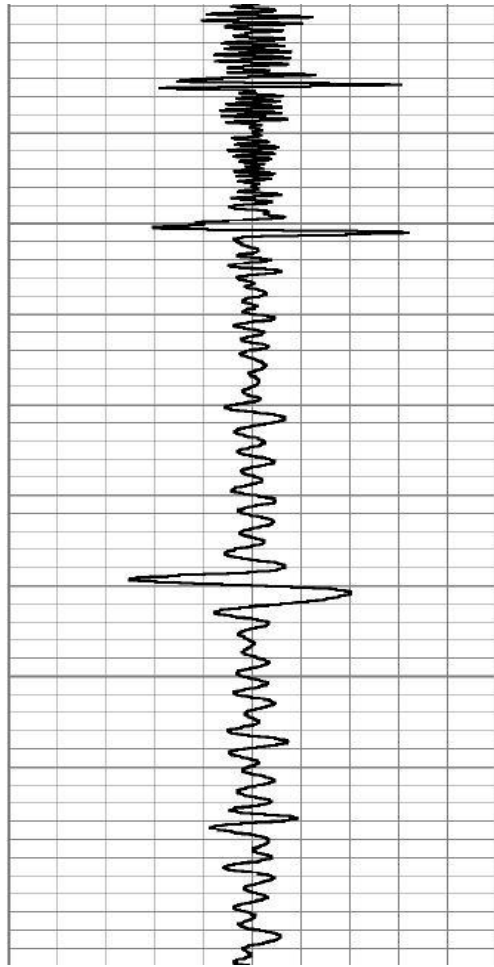
Calculations based on user determined pump rate and line speed

Cerberus – Downhole Tension Profile

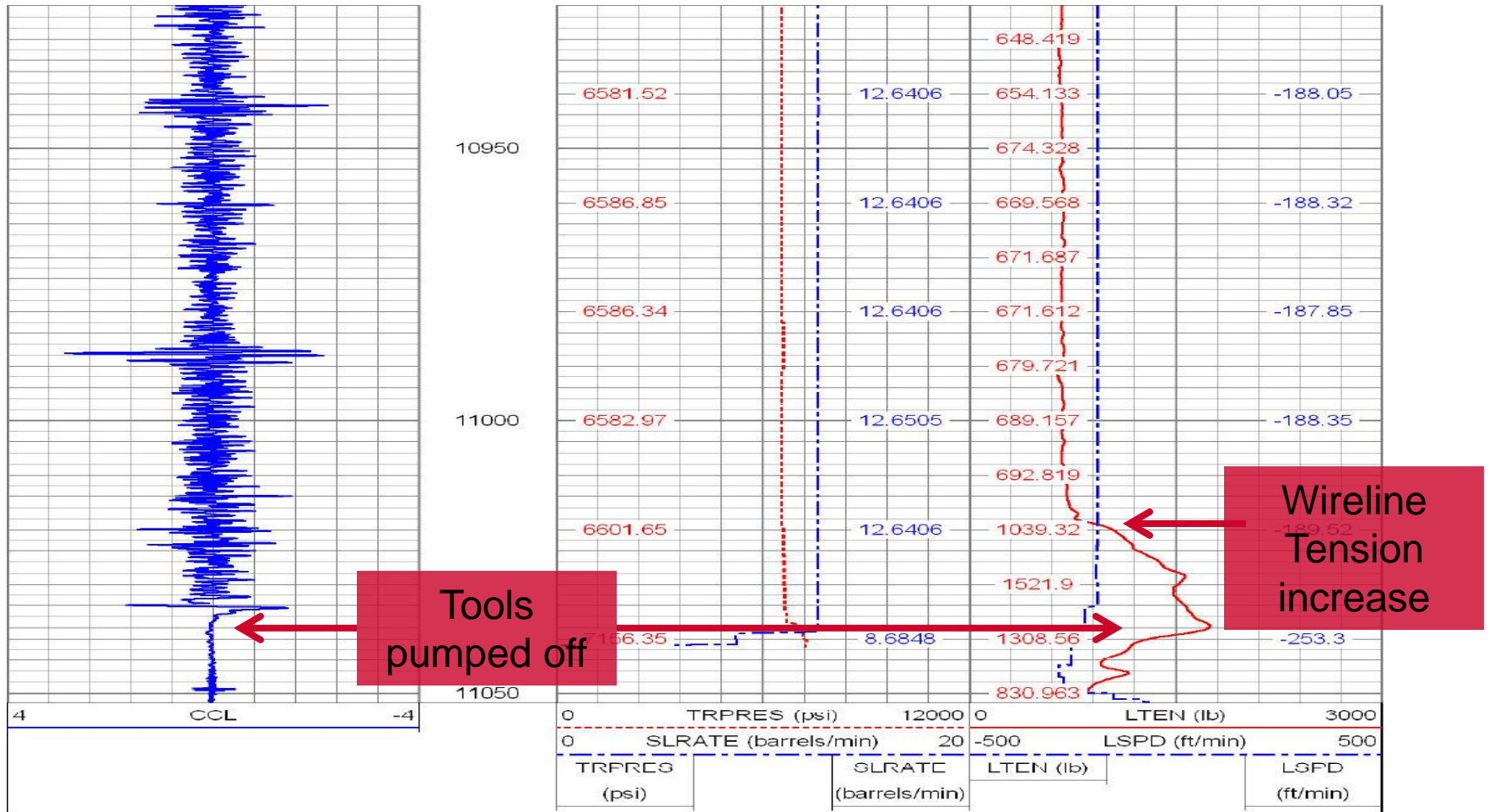


Calculations based on user determined pump rate and line speed

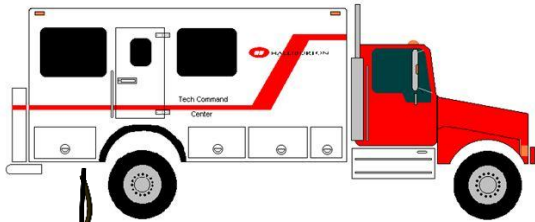
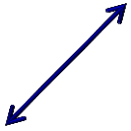
Typical wireline view



Tool String Lost

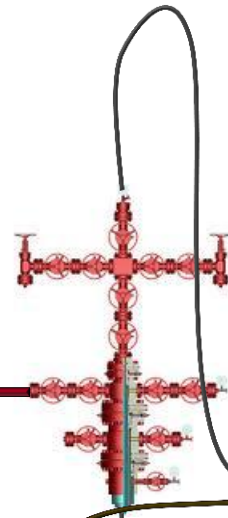


RTO
Monitor



TCC

- Pumping Pressure
- Pump Rate



Wireline Unit

- Depth
- Cable Speed

Mono-Conductor Tension Device

- Downhole Tension



Pump Down Software Input Table

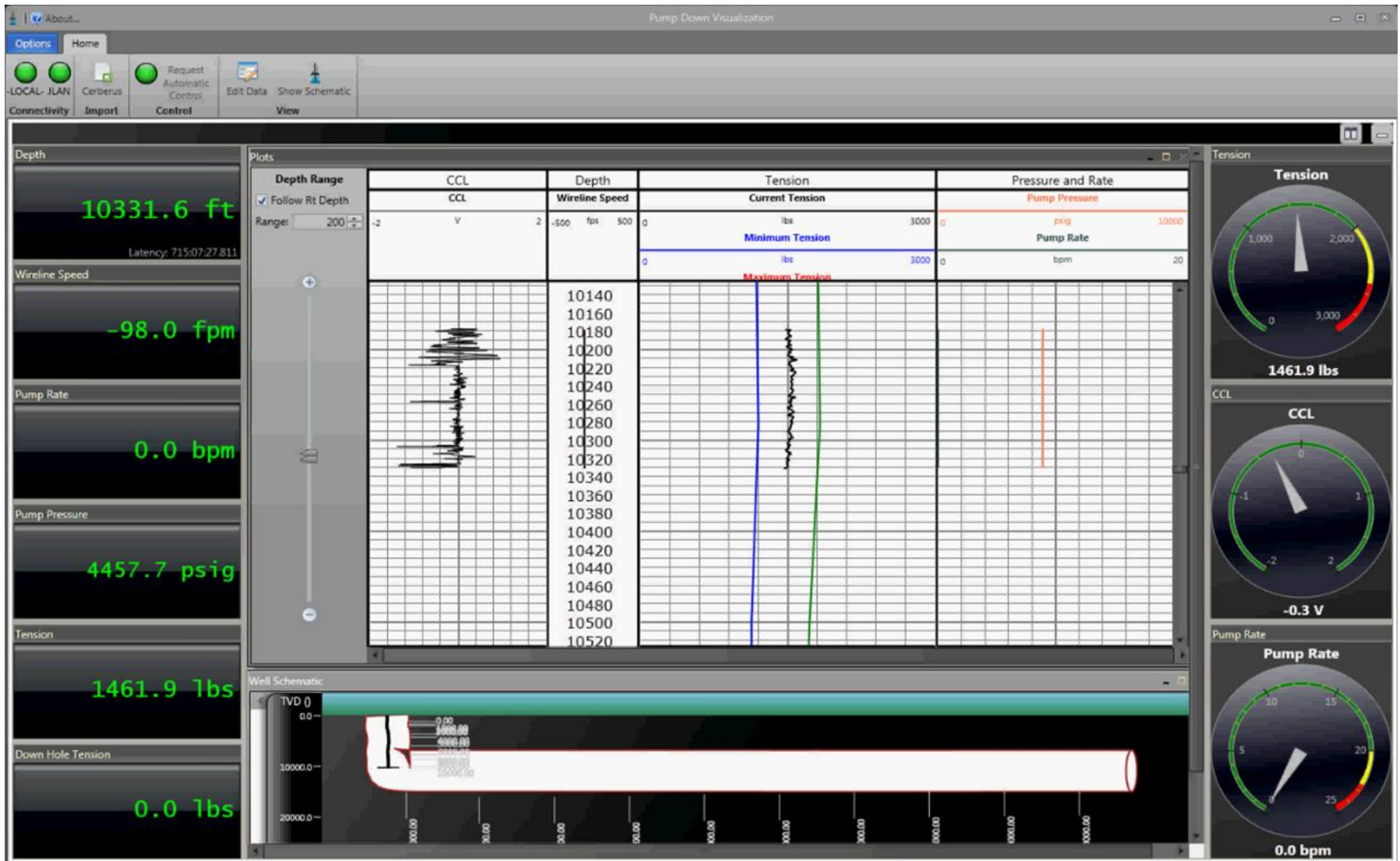
Pump Down Visualization Inputs	Outputs		
Wireline Unit			
Surface and Downhole Tension	Numeric Display	Gauge	Trend Graph
Line Speed	Numeric Display		
Depth	Numeric Display	Well Illustration	
Collar Locator (CCL)		Gauge	Trend Graph
Tech Command Center			
Pump Rate	Numeric Display	Gauge	Trend Graph
Wellhead Pressure	Numeric Display		
Customer			
Survey data (loaded into Cerberus)	Well Illustration		

Pump Down Visualization Value

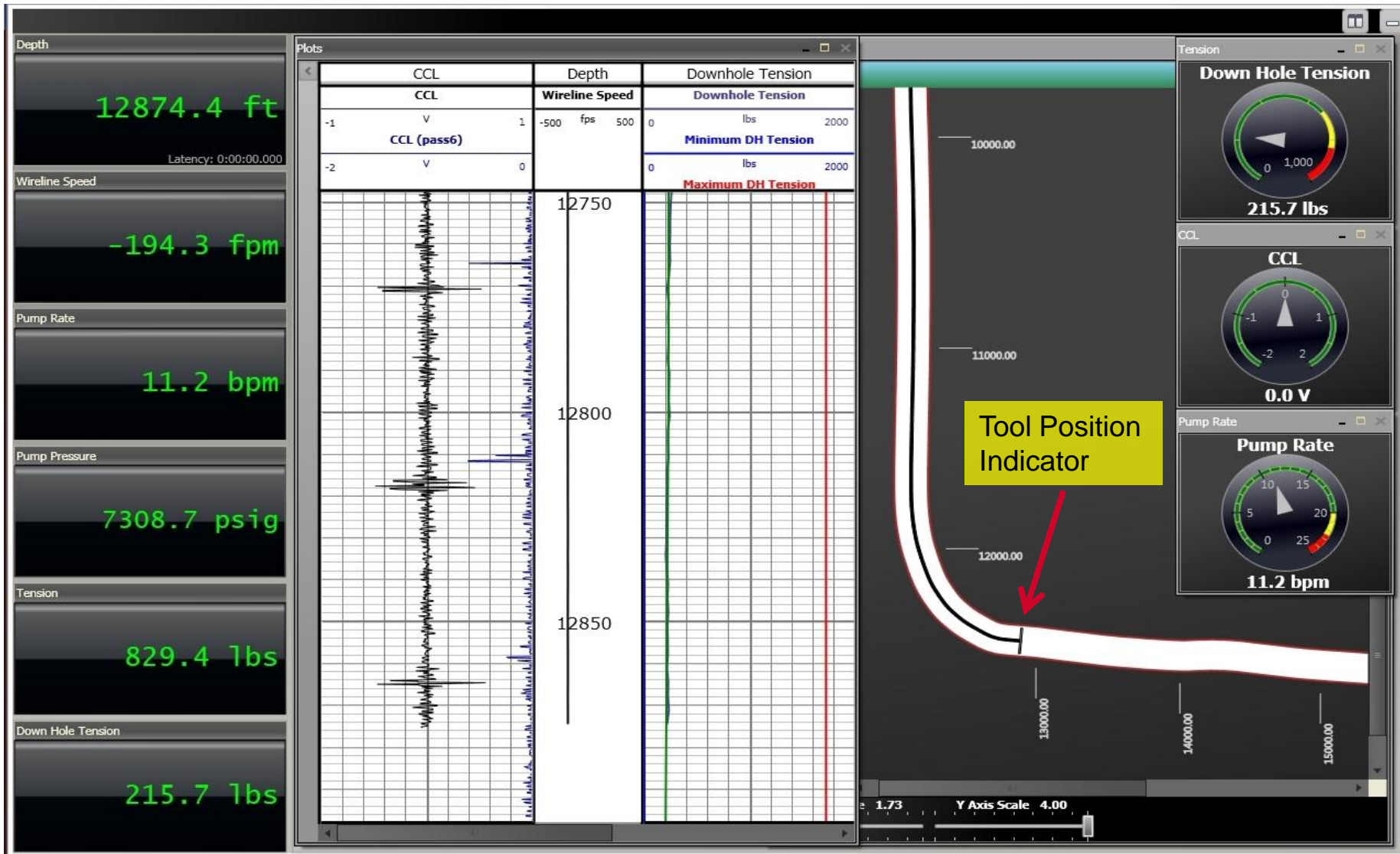
Improved efficiency resulting from Stimulation and Wireline sharing data

- Real time
- Easy to understand graphics
- Flag or alert if cable or cable head weak point nears or exceeds calculated failure value
- With Downhole Tension Tool (DTT) can compare run to run for changes that may occur downhole
- Post job diagnostics that captures all Stimulation and Cased Hole information in a single database

Pump Down Visualization – Wireline Unit



Pump Down Visualization – Wireline Unit



Pump Down Visualization – Pumping Unit

Pump Down Dialog

Truck	Group A
Eng	1762 rpm
Gear	(3)/3L
Status	(OK)
Rate	(4.10) 4.10 bpm
Press	(1500) 332 psi
Eng T	120 °F
Tran T	125 °F
HHP	34.0 hp
Cavitat	

Pump Control

Stop Pump Down

Start Pump Down

Kickout Pressure

1500 psi

4.10 bpm

Ramp 1 Ramp OFF

Engage

Neutral

STOP Engine

Group A

4.10 bpm
332 psi

UP

DOWN

Pump Down Press From: 77158 Inst Skid Pt
373 psi

Pump Down Rate From: 77158 Inst Skid R
4.05 bpm

Hold @ Rate Resume Rate

Rate SP Rate 4.05 Pressure 360

Load Rate Setpoints Next Group

Auto Pump All Edit Create Group

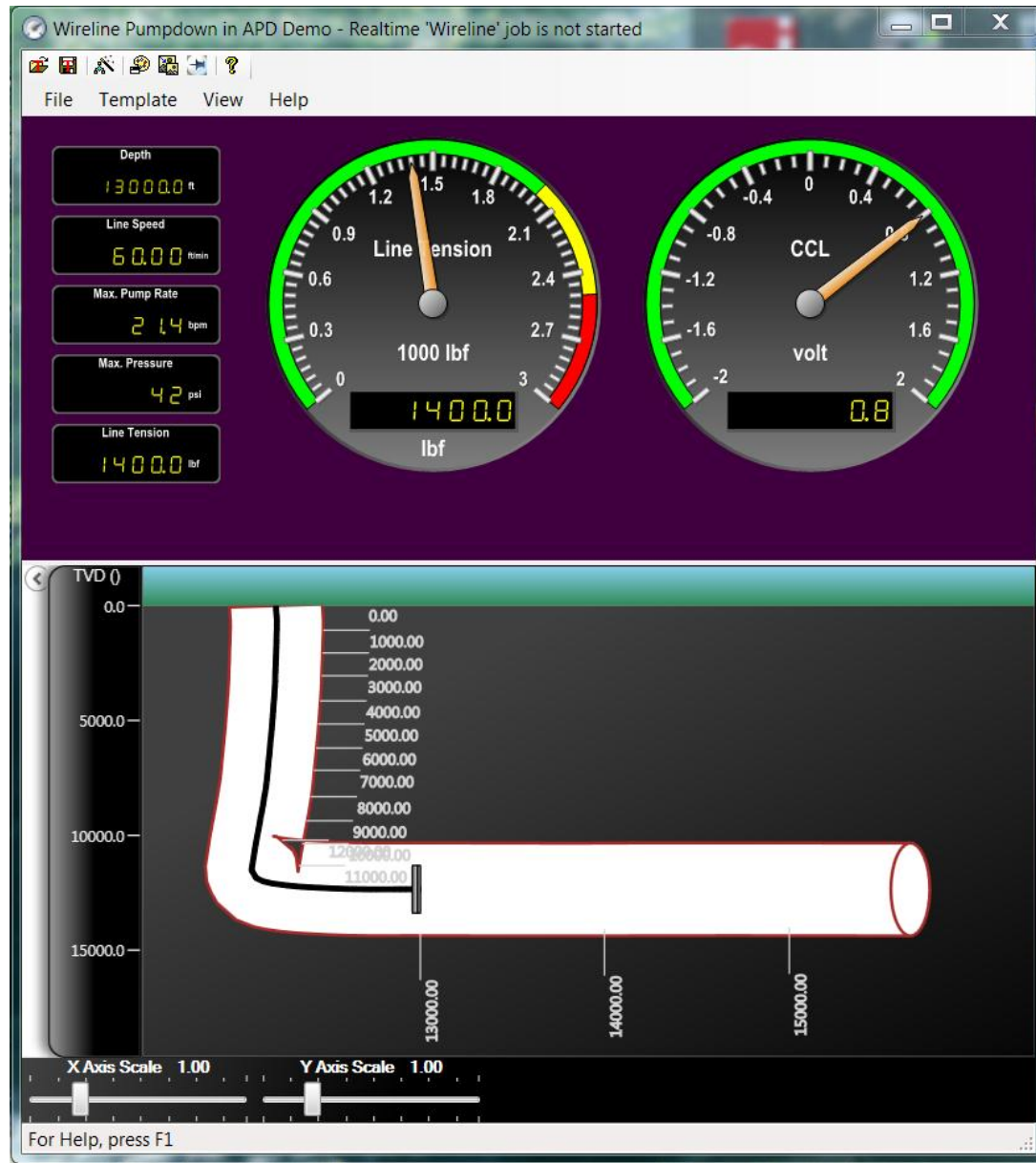
Wireline Data

Wireline Unit: 100021

LineTension:	1046 lbf	Min Tension Prof:	0 lbf
DH Tension	377 lbf	Max Tension Prof:	1924 lbf
Depth:	4717.43 ft	Opt Tension Prof:	355 lbf
Speed:	-353 ft/min	Max Tension Limit:	2500 lbf
Max Pump Rate:	8.00 bpm	Min Tension Limit:	0 lbf
Max Pump Press:	1515 psi	Opt Pump Rate:	4.00 bpm

Num	Depth	Description
3	4800.00 ft	Restriction
4	5040.00 ft	Reduced Casing ID
5	6500.00 ft	End Depth
6	6700.00 ft	Top of Perforation

Pump Down Visualization – Pumping Unit

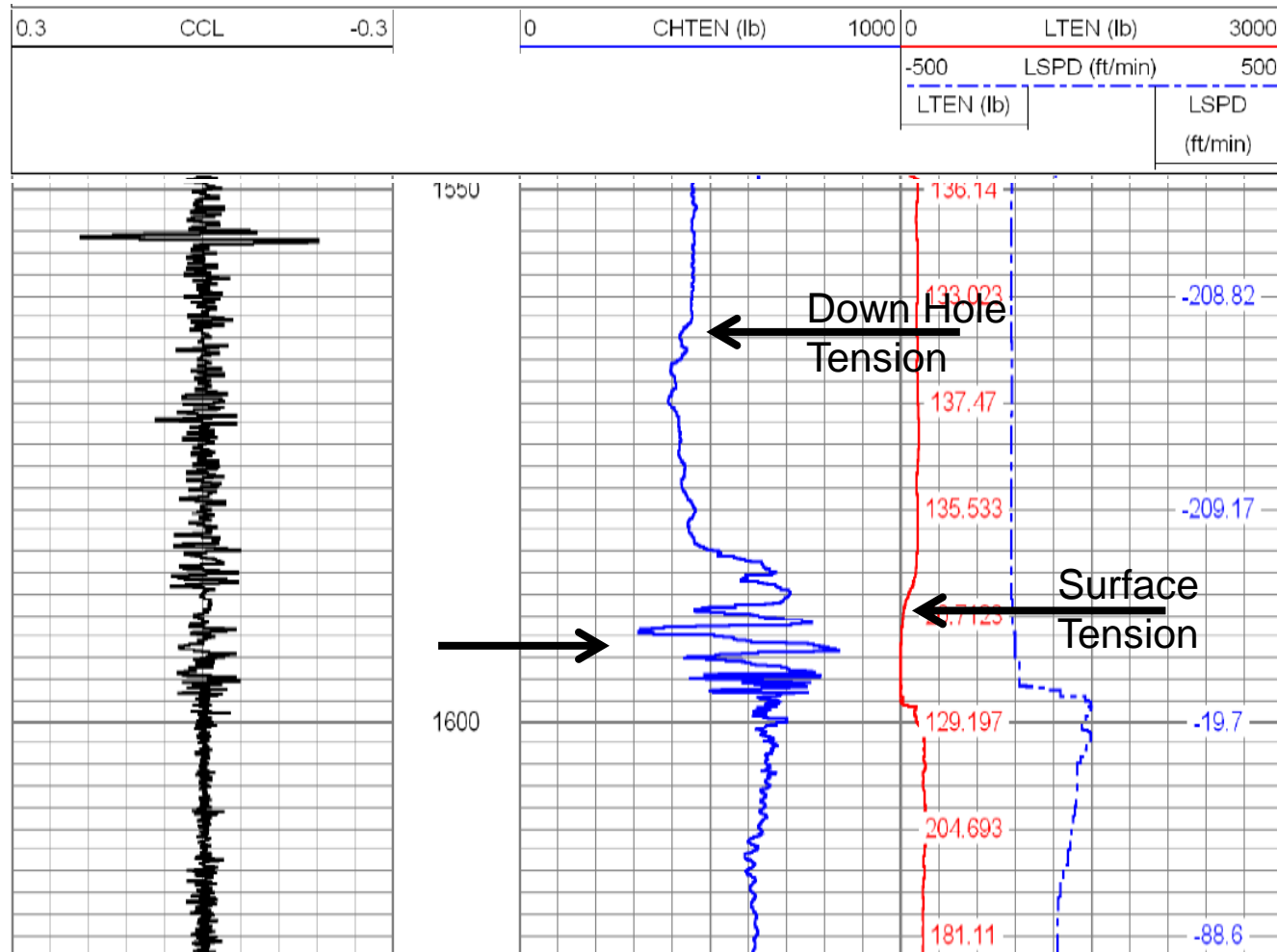


Downhole Tension Tool

Plugged grease injection return line stopped cable.

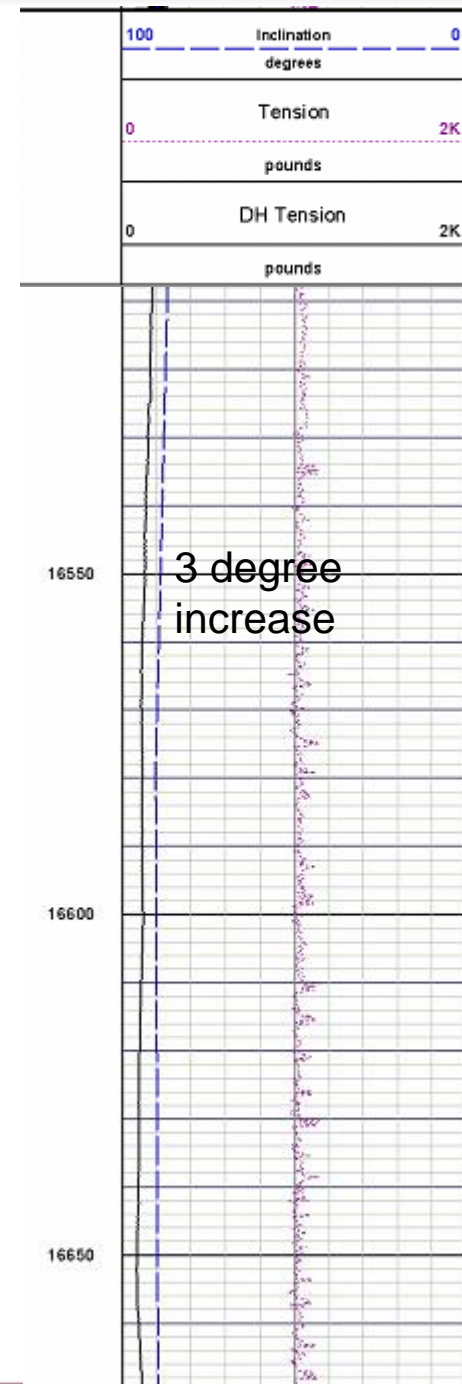
DTT indicates weight loss at tool well before cable stopped at surface.

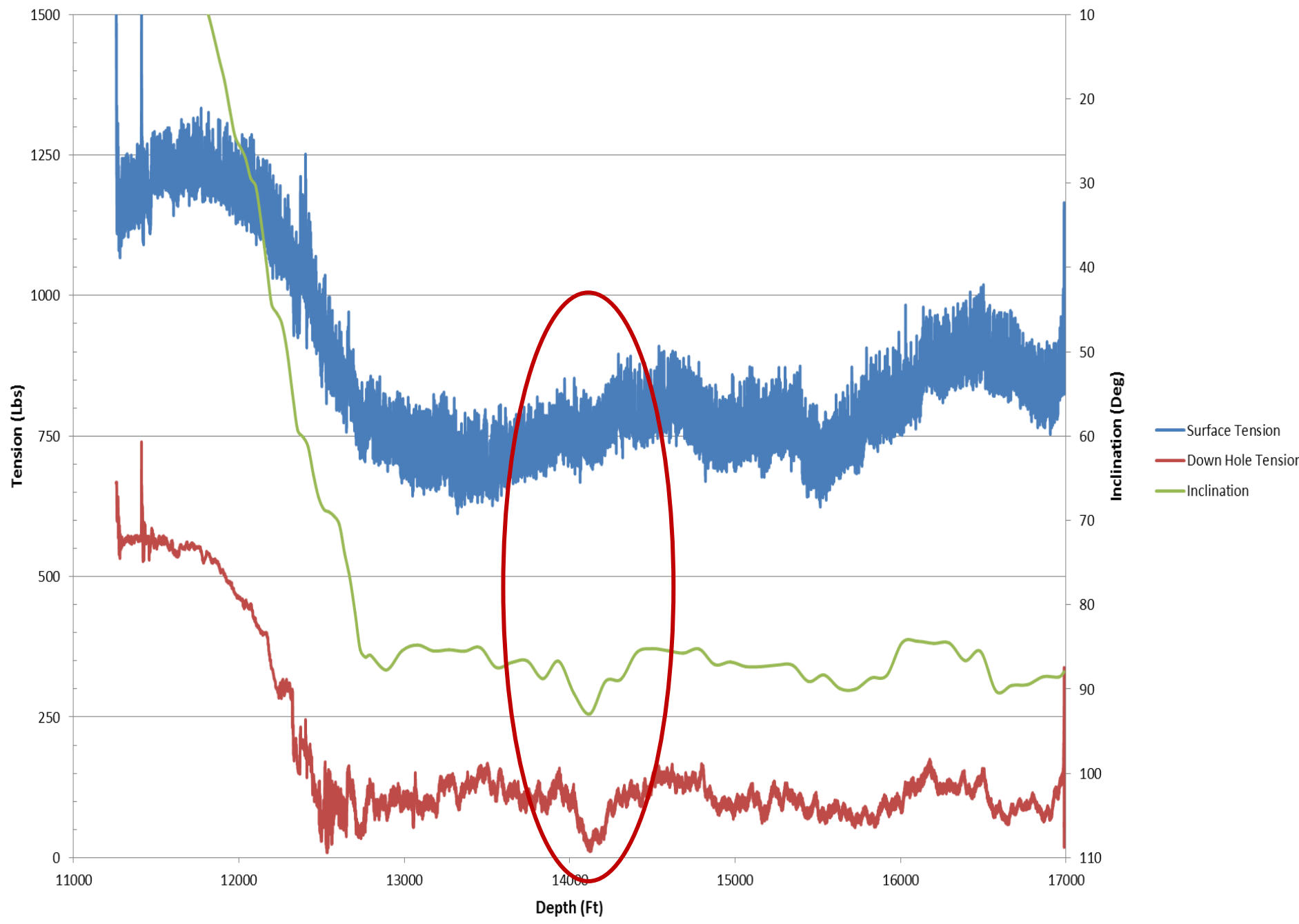
Note tool bounce when cable stopped



Downhole Tension Tool

- Pump down operations
- Surface tension insensitive to well trajectory changes
- Downhole tension follows well trajectory changes





- Surface Tension
- Down Hole Tension
- Inclination

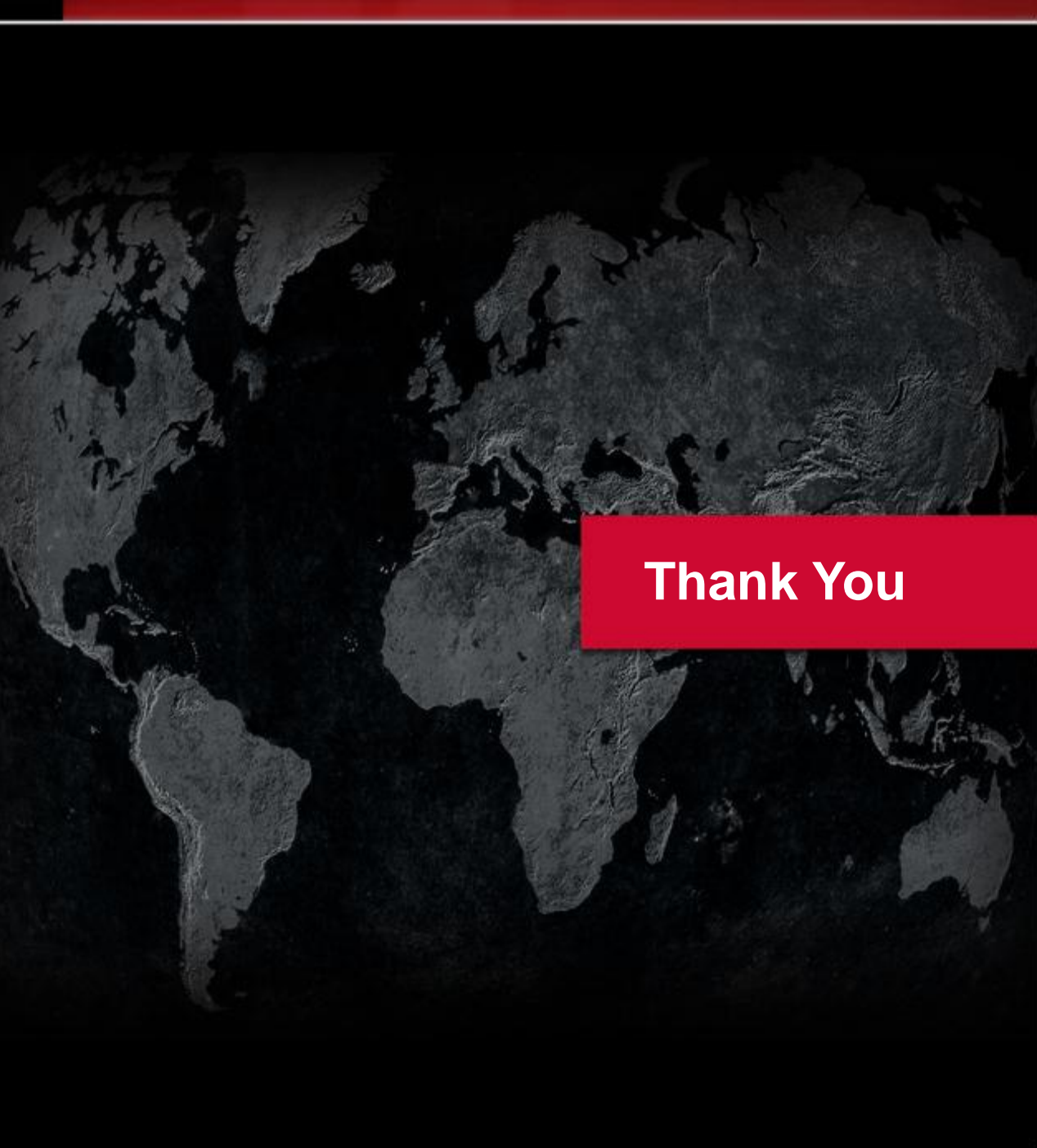
Downhole Tension Tool

- Faster reaction
- Improved accuracy
 - Sensor measures at the critical point
 - Not affected by line stretch
 - Not affected by weight of cable
 - Not influenced by cable friction or drag



Summary

- Pump Down Visualization combined with Downhole Tension Tool provides tool movement during a pump down run
- Allows real time viewing of data in user friendly interactive formats
- Offers run to run comparison of tension data to optimize run time efficiency
- Real time tension profile and caution indicators visible to both wireline operator and pump operator.
 - Can reduce or prevent stuck tools, accidental pump off of tools.
- Recorded data can be reviewed for post-job diagnostics



Thank You